

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

GEORGE OTIS SMITH, Director

BULLETIN 664

THE NENANA COAL FIELD  
ALASKA

BY

G. C. MARTIN



WASHINGTON

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

1919







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ALASKA



C. L. ALLEN



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# THE NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA.

By G. C. MARTIN.

## GENERAL FEATURES.

### GEOGRAPHY.

The Nenana coal field lies in latitude  $64^{\circ}$  N., longitude  $149^{\circ}$  W., in the northern foothills of the Alaska Range, which form a belt about 20 miles wide between the high mountains and the lowlands of the Tanana Valley. This foothill area is rugged and includes a series of nearly parallel ridges and intervening areas of less relief. Most of the coal areas are in lowland tracts that lie between the foothill ridges and are drained by eastward or westward flowing tributaries of the major streams, which head in the high mountains and flow northward across the foothill belt. (See Pl. I.)

Nenana River, the largest stream in the area, heads south of the Alaska Range and flows northward to join the Tanana at Nenana. Its valley, which affords a line of communication between the valley of the Tanana and the southern coast, is followed by the Government railroad now under construction. Among the larger tributaries of Nenana River from the east and west are Hoseanna (Lignite) Creek and Healy Creek, which drain two of the principal coal areas. The coal lands in the valley of Hoseanna Creek are of greatest present importance, as they have been wholly surveyed and are easily accessible to the main line of the railroad. By the present railroad route the mouth of Hoseanna Creek is about 364 miles from the coastal terminus at Seward and about 106 miles from the inland terminus at Fairbanks.

The coal lands of the Nenana coal field that have been offered for leasing are embraced in T. 11 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 W., and T. 12 S., R. 7 W. of the Fairbanks meridian and are the most accessible and most immediately minable of the surveyed lands of the field, which include parts of T. 9 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 W.; T. 10 S., R. 6 W.; T. 11 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 W.; and T. 12 S., R. 7 W. (See Pl. II.)

### CLIMATE AND VEGETATION.

The climate of the Nenana coal field is in general that of the more mountainous part of the Yukon basin. The short, hot summers contrast strongly with the long, cold winters. The precipitation in the coal field is very light compared with that on the coast, but



is probably considerably greater than that at Fairbanks. The summer rainfall consists largely of violent showers. The snowfall is light.

The timber is chiefly spruce, birch, and poplar, which extend up to an altitude of about 2,500 feet. There are no dense forests or large areas of merchantable timber. Areas of timber suitable for use in mines must be carefully sought and guarded from fire, which has already done serious damage. The best growth of timber and of grass is on the gravels. The areas of coal-bearing rocks are poorly drained and support only moss, willows, and a very stunted and worthless growth of black spruce.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of the Nenana field can be brought to the present assured markets only over the Government railroad, now under construction. The approved route of this railroad passes through the western (unsurveyed) part of T. 12 S., R. 7 W. From the mouth of Hoseanna Creek, in sec. 6 (unsurveyed), a branch line can be built up the creek into the heart of the coal field. This branch will reach possible mining sites in blocks 2 and 3 within 2 miles of the junction. More favorable mining sites in blocks 7, 8, and 9 can be reached by a branch 6 miles long. A branch 12 miles long will reach as far east as block 20. This 12-mile branch will not involve heavy construction or steep grades and will afford access to as many mines as need be opened for many years. A 6-mile branch that will afford access to blocks 1 to 9 is probably all that will be necessary in the near future.

The coal on the headwaters of Hoseanna Creek can be reached only by spurs having heavy grades and expensive construction.

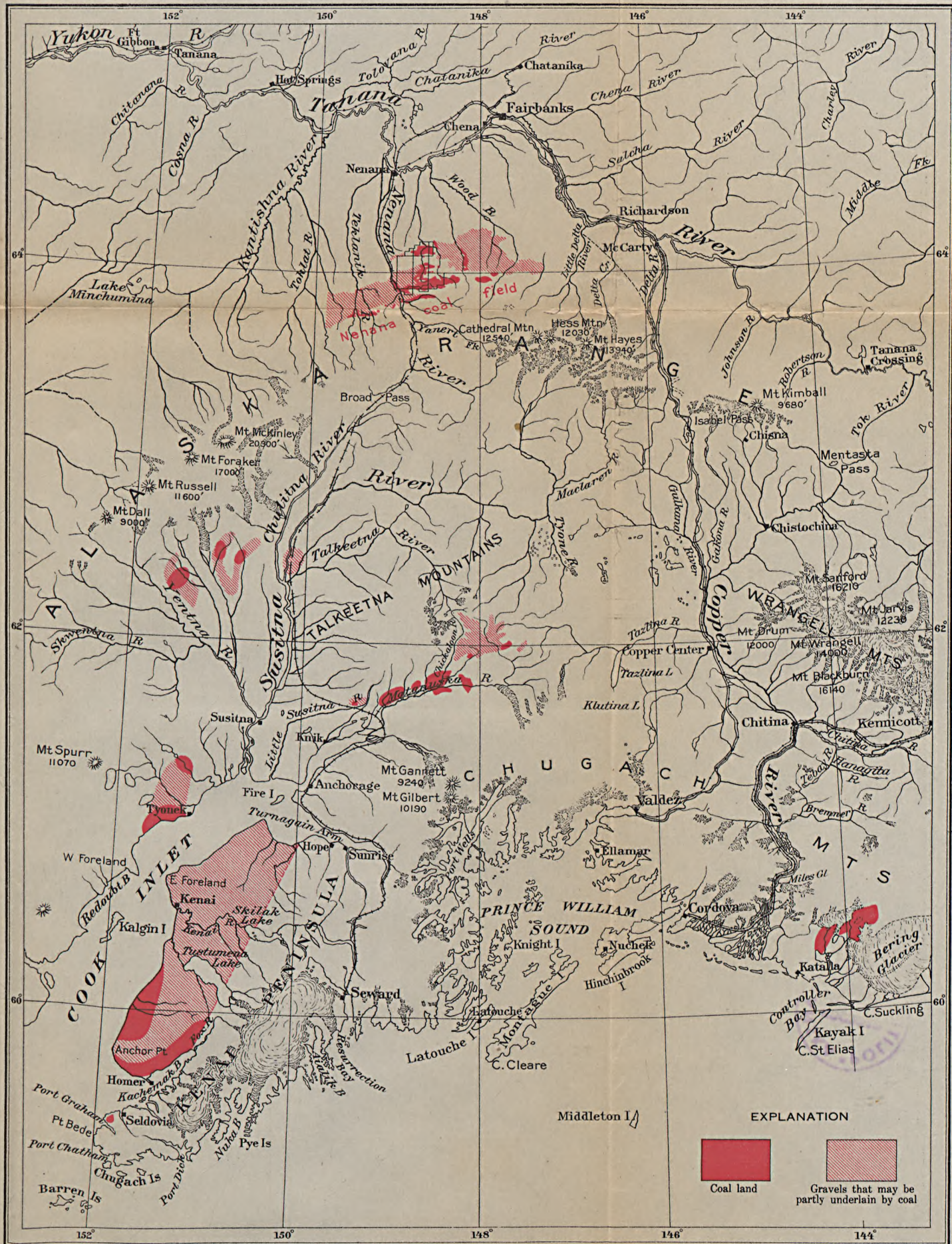
The coal on the tributaries of Totatlanika Creek, in T. 9 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 W.; T. 10 S., R. 6 W.; T. 11 S., R. 5 W.; and the north half of T. 11 S., R. 6 W., can be brought to the present markets only over a railroad along Totatlanika Creek to Tanana River. The abundance of coal on Nenana River and its tributaries makes it certain that no railroad will be built along Totatlanika Creek until it is needed for the shipment of other commodities than coal.

#### GEOLOGY.

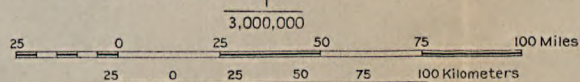
The rocks of the Nenana coal field consist of the coal-bearing beds, metamorphic and igneous rocks beneath the coal-bearing beds, and gravel, sands, and silts above them.

The coal-bearing strata consist of slightly consolidated sands, clays, and gravels with numerous beds of lignite. These beds are of Tertiary age. Their thickness, as measured by the writer on Hoseanna Creek, is at least 1,200 feet. Their thickness on Healy Creek is stated by Prindle to be about 1,500 feet. The coal-bearing beds





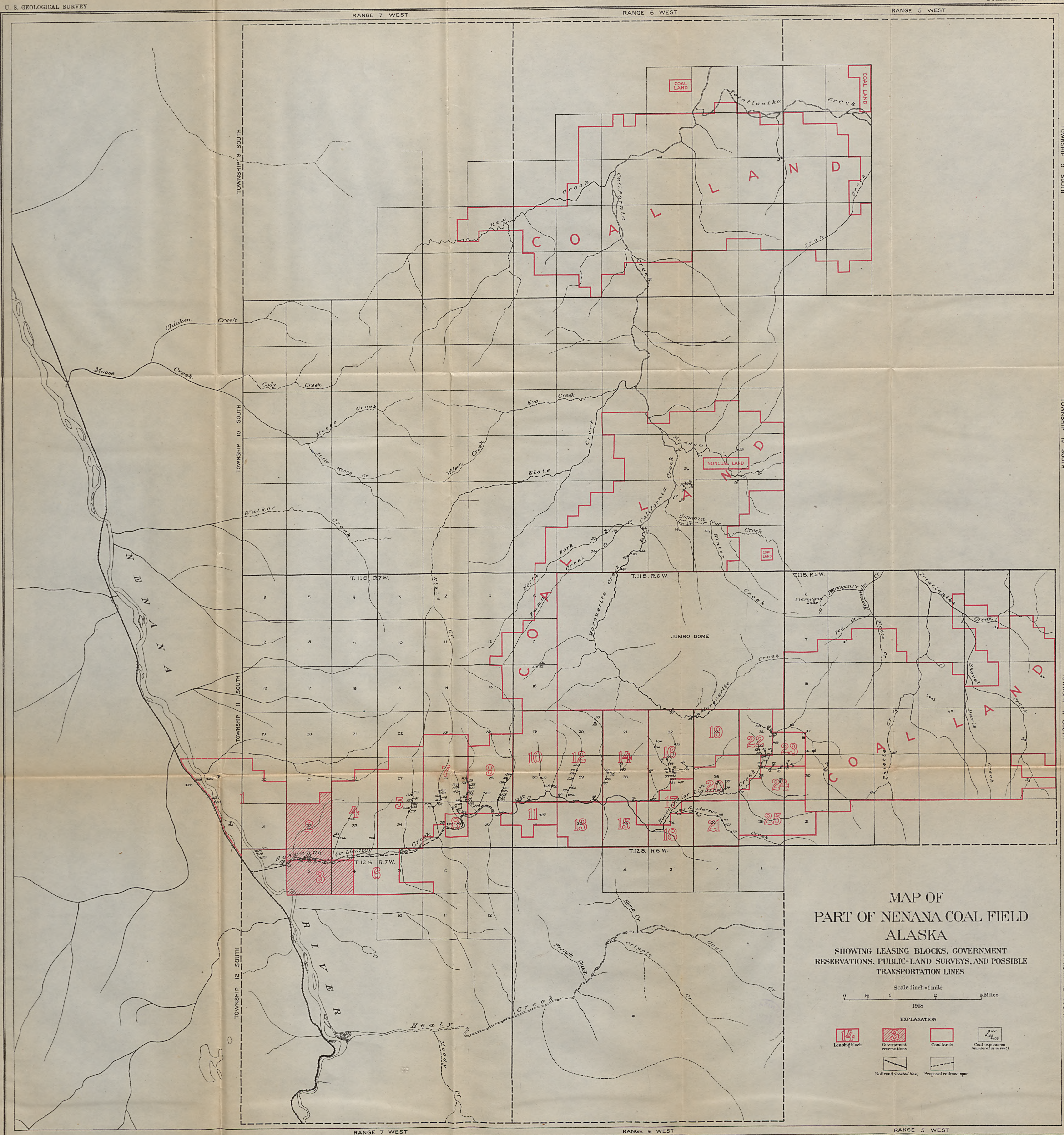
MAP OF CENTRAL ALASKA  
SHOWING POSITION OF NENANA COAL FIELD

















rest unconformably upon Paleozoic (?) schist and igneous rocks and are overlain unconformably by Quaternary gravels, 1,500 or 2,000 feet thick.

The structure of the coal areas is fairly simple. The individual coal areas consist of shallow and gently warped basins in which the beds are at some places steeply folded or faulted against masses of crystalline rock that separate the basins. The bedded rocks and the known faults strike in general about east. The dips are in general not steeper than  $10^{\circ}$  or  $15^{\circ}$ , though there are local zones in which the dip is steeper as well as broad areas in which the rocks lie nearly flat. No intrusive rocks are known to cut the coal measures.

#### COAL.

##### OCCURRENCE AND CHARACTER.

The coal of the Nenana field occurs in many beds of different thickness, the thickest measuring perhaps 30 or 35 feet, which are distributed rather uniformly through the coal measures. At least twelve coal beds are of workable thickness, and six or more measure over 20 feet. No geographic or stratigraphic variation in the character of the coal was noted. The analyses given on pages 8-9 show that the coal is a lignite of good grade, of about the same quality as that of Cook Inlet.



## Analyses of Nenana coals.

## As received.

[Samples collected by U. S. Geological Survey; analyses by Bureau of Mines except as indicated.]

Locality.	Exposure No.	Thick- ness (feet).	Labora- tory No.	Proximate.						Ultimate.				Calorific value.	
				Mois- ture.	Volatile matter.	Fixed carbon.	Ash.	Sul- phur.	Hy- dro- gen.	Carbon.	Nitro- gen.	Oxy- gen.	Air- drying loss.	Calo- ries.	British thermal units.
T. 9 S., R. 6 W., sec. 15, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$	18	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	26359	38.22	23.84	22.15	15.79	0.36	6.45	31.14	0.49	45.77	32.1	2,924	5,263
T. 10 S., R. 6 W., sec. 27, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$	27	12	26361	26.50	25.12	16.40	31.98	.19	5.35	27.40	.48	34.60	19.8	2,615	4,707
Do.	27	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	26360	25.66	32.38	22.80	19.26	.21	5.93	37.86	.53	36.21	18.1	3,599	6,478
T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 26, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$	77	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	26365	23.24	37.59	34.93	4.24	.14	6.25	52.53	.57	37.27	10.7	4,935	8,833
T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 26, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$	78	16	26363	28.71	35.91	30.26	5.12	.16	6.67	45.81	.59	41.65	19.8	4,311	7,760
T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 26, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$	80	12	26364	22.15	35.39	29.68	12.78	.20	5.91	45.12	.59	35.40	12.2	4,272	7,690
T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 27, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$	89	25	26366	24.32	37.95	29.35	8.38	.19	6.33	46.84	.61	37.65	15.6	4,456	8,021
T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 30, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$	111	26	26362	20.62	38.80	30.02	10.56	.19	5.87	47.45	.66	35.27	10.4	4,480	8,064
T. 11 S., R. 7 W., sec. 35, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$	161	32	26369	23.83	35.55	28.87	11.75	.41	5.58	42.67	.66	38.93	14.6	3,893	7,007
T. 12 S., R. 7 W., sec. 5, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$	173	15	26367	25.30	36.08	32.64	5.98	.26	6.39	47.55	.59	39.23	16.1	4,520	8,136
Do.	.....	.....	26368	32.51	33.62	27.17	6.70	.14	6.31	39.86	.60	46.39	23.5	3,687	7,087
Hoseanna Creek <sup>a</sup>	.....	.....	26589	27.92	35.82	29.23	7.03	.11	6.51	44.99	.50	40.86	18.7	4,437	7,987
Nenana River, west bank, $\frac{1}{2}$ miles below Hoseanna Creek <sup>b</sup>	.....	.....	23042	28.16	34.52	33.68	3.64	.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	19.2	4,487	8,077
Healy Creek $\frac{1}{2}$ mile above mouth	.....	5	26368	21.50	41.82	30.77	5.91	.25	6.05	49.17	.67	37.95	10.4	4,767	8,581
Healy Creek $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from mouth <sup>c</sup>	.....	18	17796	27.41	34.67	33.49	4.43	.16	6.71	48.51	.68	39.51	12.3	4,604	8,287
Igloo Creek, tributary to Healy Creek, 6 miles from mouth <sup>c</sup>	.....	.....	17794	25.73	36.39	34.52	3.36	.15	6.87	51.41	.71	37.50	12.7	4,853	8,735
Do.	.....	.....	17795	28.52	34.29	33.59	3.60	.06	6.68	48.05	.68	40.93	14.2	4,494	8,089
Healy Creek <sup>d</sup>	.....	.....	.....	13.02	48.81	32.40	5.77	.16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

<sup>a</sup> Collected by G. W. Evans.<sup>b</sup> Collected by Thomas Riggs, jr.<sup>c</sup> Collected by Joseph A. Holmes.<sup>d</sup> Collected by L. M. Prindle; analysis by United States Geological Survey.



## Analyses of Nenana coals—Continued.

Air dried.

Locality.	Exposure No.	Thick-ness (feet).	Labo-ratory No.	Proximate.			Ultimate.					Calorific value.		
				Mois-ture.	Vola-tile mat-ter.	Fixed car-bon.	Ash.	Sul-phur.	Hy-dro-gen.	Car-bon.	Nitro-gen.	Oxy-gen.	Calo-ries.	British thermal units.
T. 9 S., R. 6 W., sec. 15, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 10 S., R. 6 W., sec. 27, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ Do. T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 26, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 26, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 27, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 11 S., R. 6 W., sec. 30, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 11 S., R. 7 W., sec. 35, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 12 S., R. 7 W., sec. 5, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ Hoseanna Creek <sup>a</sup> . Do. Nenana River, west bank, $\frac{1}{2}$ miles below Healy Creek 1 mile above mouth.	18	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	26359	9.05	35.10	32.60	23.25	0.53	4.26	45.84	0.72	25.40	4,305	7,740
	27	12	26361	8.35	31.32	20.45	39.88	.24	3.93	34.17	.60	21.18	3,261	5,870
	77	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	26360	9.28	39.39	27.53	23.50	.26	4.79	46.20	.65	21.60	4,392	7,906
	78	16	26363	11.08	42.07	39.10	4.75	.16	5.67	57.68	.64	31.10	5,524	9,943
	80	12	26364	11.13	44.77	37.72	6.38	.20	5.57	57.11	.74	30.00	5,374	9,673
	89	22	26366	11.35	40.30	33.80	14.55	.23	5.19	51.38	.67	27.98	4,865	8,757
	111	26	26362	11.45	44.95	34.77	9.93	.23	5.45	55.48	.72	28.19	5,278	9,500
	161	32	26369	10.83	43.28	33.49	11.78	.21	5.26	52.93	.74	29.08	4,968	8,996
	173	15	26367	10.83	43.02	33.92	13.75	.48	4.64	49.69	.77	30.41	4,588	8,204
	Do.		26387	11.83	43.92	38.92	7.13	.31	5.49	56.69	.70	29.68	5,389	9,700
			26588	11.83	43.92	35.50	8.75	.48	4.83	52.07	.78	33.39	4,816	8,669
			26589	11.33	44.07	35.95	8.65	.14	5.45	55.34	.62	29.80	5,458	9,824
	5	26342	11.04	42.74	41.71	4.51	.19	5.46	54.90	.75	32.01	5,556	10,001	
	12	26368	12.35	46.70	34.35	6.60	.28	5.46	54.90	.75	32.01	5,323	9,581	

<sup>a</sup> Collected by Thomas Riggs, jr.<sup>a</sup> Collected by G. W. Evans.



## MINING CONDITIONS.

The coal in the Nenana field will probably at first be mined by drifts or slopes run from outcrops of coal on the sides of the valleys or by stripping. The abundance of easily accessible coal and the moderate size of the prospective markets make it certain that deep mining will not be necessary for many years.

The most favorable site for stripping is on the 20-foot bed in block 8, sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., about 5 miles above the mouth of Hoseanna Creek. A moderate amount of coal may perhaps be cheaply mined by stripping in blocks 2 and 3, sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., a little over a mile above the mouth of Hoseanna Creek, and perhaps at other localities.

The coal beds have been extensively burned in many parts of the field, especially in T. 9 S., R. 6 W., where only about half a dozen unburned outcrops were observed. The burning began prior to the deposition of the thick Pleistocene gravels and still continues. The depth of the burning is not known, but as burned outcrops are more numerous in the less dissected than in the deeply dissected areas the burning is probably surficial. The burning makes the value of large areas problematic and indicates the danger of fires in the mines.

Extensive slumping was noted on many hillsides. In some places acres of the surface beds have slid bodily for long distances. Most of the slides observed have been caused by the removal of moss by forest fires. This removal allows the ground to thaw and permits the surface waters to soften the clays that form a large part of the coal-bearing strata. Some slides have been caused by the burning of large coal beds that had supported the surface strata. The marked tendency to slump should be carefully considered not only in underground mining but in surface operations, such as the stripping of coal beds, grading, and the removal of forests and moss.

The coal will probably be used as locomotive fuel on the Government railroad, for generating power and for thawing at the mines in Tanana Valley, as domestic fuel in Tanana Valley, and as fuel on Tanana River boats and possibly on some of the Yukon steamers. Nenana coal, rather than the better and nearer Matanuska coal, should, if possible, be used on the greater part of the railroad, because the heavy freight traffic will be northbound, and the southbound empties will be available for hauling coal. The Nenana coal field is nearer the summit of the Alaska Range than any known coal field south of the divide.

## CLASSIFICATION AND STATUS OF LAND.

So far as the available data will permit, the surveyed lands have been classified as "coal land" and "noncoal land." A 40-acre tract is classed as "coal land" if it contains 20 acres or more of coal-bearing rocks, or if it contains 10 acres or more of known coal beds that are



unburned at the outcrop and lie under cover, or if it contains some coal-bearing rocks that control access to other coal land, or if, being covered with gravel that may overlies coal, it lies in whole or in part within half a mile of exposed coal-bearing rocks.

It may not be desirable to class definitely as noncoal land all land that does not come within the above definition. The large gravel areas in T. 10 S., Rs. 6 and 7 W.; T. 11 S., Rs. 6 and 7 W.; and T. 12 S., R. 7 W., may possibly be coal land in fact, although they do not come within the definition.

The coal lands situated in the south half of T. 11 S., R. 6 W.; in T. 11 S., R. 7 W.; and in T. 12 S., R. 7 W., have been divided into leasing blocks as described in the following pages. Blocks 2 and 3 have been reserved for Government use; the others have been offered for leasing.

The coal lands situated in T. 9 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 W.; in T. 10 S., R. 6 W.; in T. 11 S., R. 5 W.; and in the north half of T. 11 S., R. 6 W., will not be made accessible by the proposed railroad or its branches. These lands are not divided into leasing blocks or offered for leasing. They are, however, open to special applications for lease or for temporary mining permits.

Forty-acre tracts lying more than half a mile inside the boundaries of the gravel areas are reported as unclassified, and applications for them will be considered on their merits. It is believed that these lands probably do not contain workable coal.

### LOCAL FEATURES.

T. 9 S., R. 5 W.

[See Pl. III.]

### CLASSIFICATION.

#### Unsurveyed:

Secs. 1 to 6, 9 to 16, 21 to 28, 33 to 36.

#### Noncoal land:

Sec. 7.

8, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

8, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

8, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

17, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

17, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

17, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

18, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

20, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

20, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

29, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

31, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

31, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

31, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

31, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

32, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

32, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

32, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

#### Coal land:

Sec. 8, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

8, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

8, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

17, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

17, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

18, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

18, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

18, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

19.

20, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

20, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

29, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

29, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

29, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

30.

31, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

32, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



## COAL.

*Sec. 8.*—No well-defined coal outcrops were seen in sec. 8, but near the northeast corner of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  there are obscure coal smuts and a burned bed that indicate the presence of coal beds.

*Sec. 17.*—No coal beds were observed in sec. 17. The areas classified as coal land contain rocks similar to those of the coal-bearing formation. There is probably little if any workable coal in this section.

*Sec. 18.*—No coal beds were observed in sec. 18. The areas classified as coal land contain rocks similar to those of the coal-bearing formation. There is probably little if any workable coal in this section.

*Sec. 19.*—No well-defined coal outcrops were seen in sec. 19, but there are coal smuts and burned beds on the banks of the creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The entire section is supposed to be coal land (coal-bearing formation), although the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is mostly covered with gravels.

*Sec. 20.*—No coal beds were observed in sec. 20. The areas classified as coal land contain rocks similar to those of the coal-bearing formation. There is probably little if any workable coal in this section.

*Sec. 29.*—The part of sec. 29 classified as coal land is presumably all underlain by the coal-bearing formation, although large areas in the southeastern and northwestern parts are covered with gravel. No coal beds were seen in this section, but there are coal smuts and burned beds in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and smuts in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 30.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 30. There is an obscure smut in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The larger part of the section is covered with gravel.

*Sec. 31.*—Outcrops are poor in sec. 31, and no exposures of coal beds or coal smuts were seen.

*Sec. 32.*—The supposed coal area in sec. 32 is partly covered with gravel. No exposures of coal beds and no coal smuts were seen in this section.

## MINING CONDITIONS.

The coal-bearing rocks of this township are not well exposed, owing to concealment by gravels and to slumping of the soft clays of the coal measures, but seemingly occur for the most part as a nearly horizontal plate cut through to and below the base by Totatlanika Creek and the lower course of Iron Creek. It is possible that the coal measures are steeply upturned along the base of the mountains in secs. 31 and 32, but exposures are practically absent in this position. There is no evidence as to the number, thickness, and position of the coal beds. It is probable that mining operations, if conducted in this township, should be undertaken in small units with the openings situated on the outcrop in such positions as to secure favorable drainage and haulage.

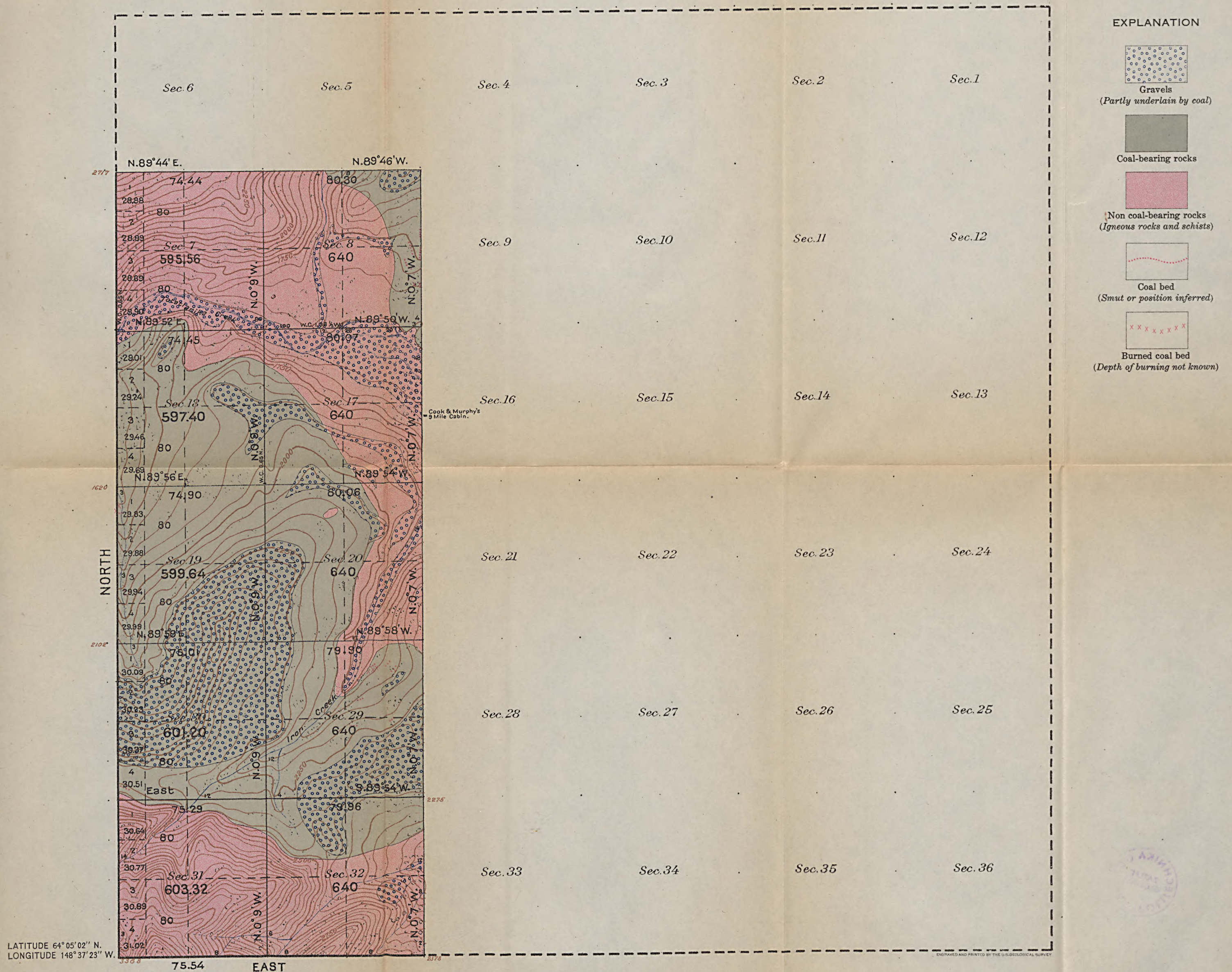
## TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of this township can be brought to the present markets only by a railroad, 30 miles or more in length, down Totatlanika Creek to Tanana River. There is no present need for such a road. Future development of gold placers in this vicinity may create a small local coal market.

## STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal lands of this township have not been offered for lease, as there is no reason for opening coal mines in them at present, but are to be held in their existing status till there is a call for leases or for temporary mining permits.





Topography by John Gonin, General Land Office. Surveyed in 1915  
Geology by G. C. Martin, A. G. Maddren, and R. M. Overbeck. Surveyed in 1916







## T. 11 S., R. 5 W.

[See Pl. IV.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Unsurveyed:

Secs. 34 to 36.

## Noncoal land:

Sec. 1.

2, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .2, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .2, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .3, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .3, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .3, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

4.

5.

6.

7, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .7, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .7, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .8, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .8, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .10, all except NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .12, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .12, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .14, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .14, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .15, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .32, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

33.

## Coal land:

Sec. 2, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .3, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .7, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Coal land—Continued.

Sec. 7, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .7, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .8, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .8, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .9, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .10, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .11, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .12, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .12, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .12, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

13.

14, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .14, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .15, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .15, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .15, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .15, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .25, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



## W 3 COAL.

*Sec. 2.*—Coal smut was seen along the creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 2.

*Sec. 3.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 3. There is coal smut near the northwest corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 7.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 7. There is a coal smut in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 8.*—Exposure No. 1.<sup>1</sup> There are two prospect openings (now partly caved in) in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 8. One of these openings shows the coal bed to be probably 10 feet or more thick and to strike N. 70° E. and dip 34° S.

*Sec. 9.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 9. There is a coal smut in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 10.*—Exposure No. 2. Poorly exposed coal about 6 feet thick in the west bank of Davis Creek, in sec. 10, strikes N. 80° W. and dips 33° N.

*Sec. 11.*—Exposure No. 3. A 12-foot bed of coal that strikes N. 80° W. and dips 27° S. is exposed in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 11. There are numerous coal smuts at other localities in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and burned coal beds were seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 12.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 12. There are several coal smuts in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and a burned bed in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 13.*—Exposure No. 4. A coal bed at least 10 feet thick is exposed in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 13; two or three very small beds of dirty coal are exposed in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ; and coal smut was seen at several localities in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 14.*—No coal beds were seen in sec. 14, but there is a coal smut in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 15.*—An obscure coal smut was seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 15. The only exposure of coal beds seen in this section is recorded below.

Exposure No. 5. *Section of coal beds near the northeast corner of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 15, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.*

	Feet.
Sand.....	10
Coal.....	2
Sand.....	40
Coal.....	4
Sand.....	56
Coal.....	19
Sand.....	50
Coal.....	21

Strike N. 88° W.; dip 40° S.

*Sec. 16.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 16, but there is burned clay in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The clay at the former locality was probably derived from a large coal bed.

*Sec. 17.*—Coal smut was seen in the creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 17.

*Sec. 18.*—No coal outcrops or smuts were seen in sec. 18.

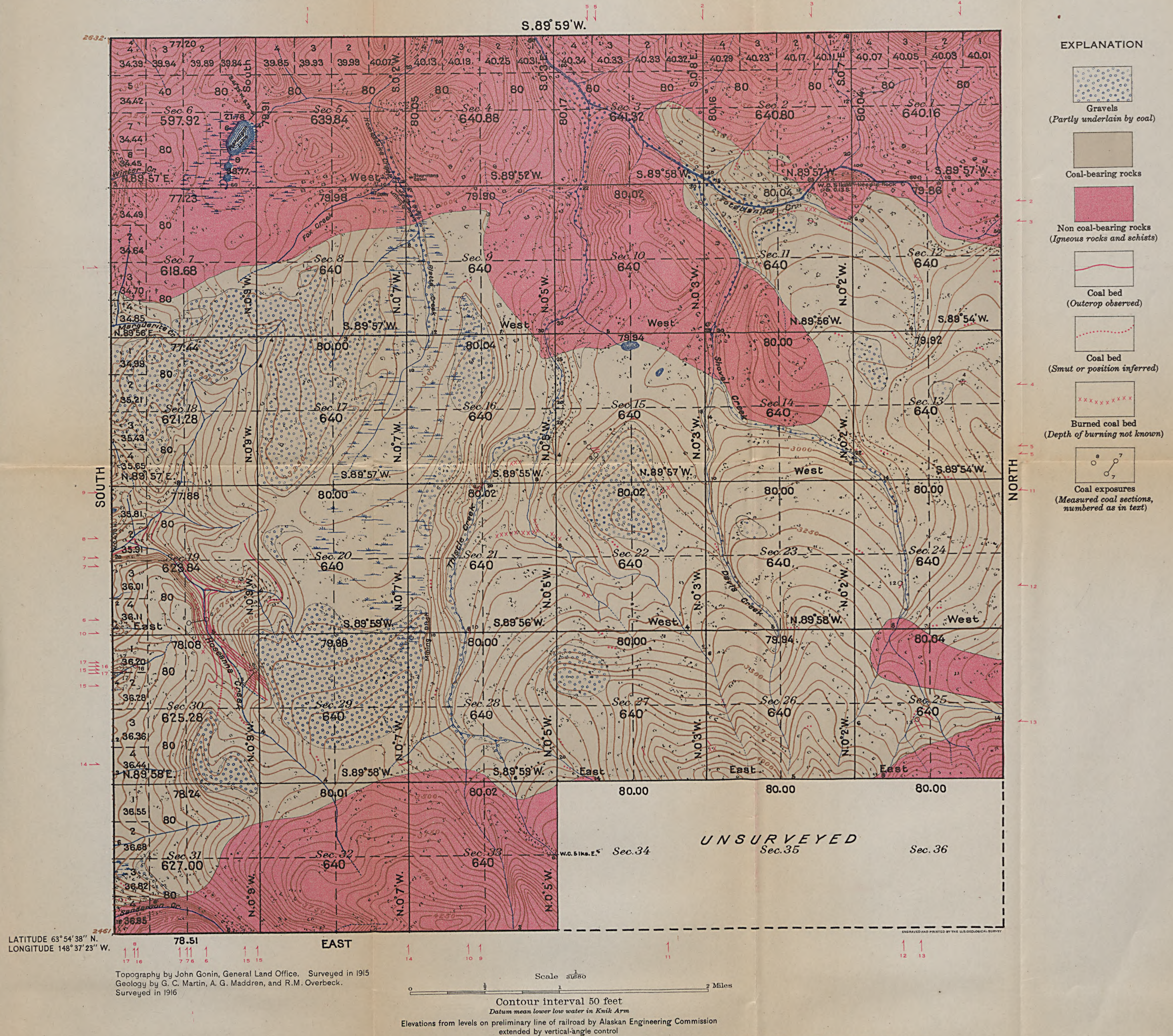
*Sec. 19.*—Fairly continuous exposures of the coal-bearing rocks appear in the banks of Hoseanna Creek in its course across sec. 19. Measurements of these exposures have been recorded as follows:

Exposure No. 6. *Section of cliff on west bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.*

	Feet.
Concealed.....	35±
Coal.....	15±
Sand and clay.....	60±
Burned bed.....	10±
Sand.....	75
Coal.....	12½
Sand.....	50
Coal.....	16½

<sup>1</sup> Numbers correspond to those used on township plats.





**TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 11 S., R. 5 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN  
NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA**







Exposure No. 7. Section in northeast bank of Hoseanna Creek near the northeast corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.

	Feet.
Sands with two or more thin coal beds.....	60±
Coal.....	6
Clay.....	20
Coal.....	12
Concealed.....	100
Coal (this is the 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ -foot bed of the preceding section).....	11

Exposure No. 8. At the mouth of the large tributary entering Hoseanna Creek from the north, in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19, a coal bed 11 feet thick is exposed. Two other unmeasured beds are exposed above it and are believed to be the same as the 12-foot and 11-foot beds of the preceding section.

Sec. 20.—A large unmeasured coal bed is exposed in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 20.

Sec. 21.—The following beds were noted in sec. 21:

Exposure No. 9. Section on west bank of Thistle Creek near the northeast corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 21, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.

	Feet.
Coal.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Woody coal.....	2
Coal.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Dirty coal.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$

Strike N. 52° E., dip 12° N.

Exposure No. 10. A coal bed about 2 feet thick is exposed on the east bank of Thistle Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

There is a large coal smut in the bank of the ditch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Much burned clay and clinker covers the surface in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , indicating that at least one and probably several large coal beds have been burned.

Sec. 22.—Exposure No. 11. On the hillside in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 22 is a coal bed 16 feet thick. There has been some burning at this locality. A burned bed (probably large) occurs in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal smut was seen in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 23.—Coal smut was seen in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 23, on the bank of Davis Creek, and in the southern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 24.—In sec. 24 the following beds were seen:

Exposure No. 12. Section in west bank of Shovel Creek, in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.

	Ft.	in.
Coal.....	5	0
Sandy parting.....		2
Coal.....	3	0
Dirty coal.....	1	4
	9	6

Strike N. 40° E., dip 18° N.

Coal smuts were seen at the southwest corner of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at the southeast corner of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 25.—Exposure No. 13. On the east side of Shovel Creek, in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, is a coal bed about 8 feet thick, that strikes N. 50° E. and dips 22° N. (?). A second bed below this, probably smaller, is poorly exposed. The beds seem to lie in a small syncline.

Sec. 26.—Smut of a bed of unknown size was seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26, at an altitude of 3,450 or 3,500 feet, and in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  at an altitude of 3,850 feet.



Burned clay and a little coal, probably derived from a large bed, were seen at an altitude of 3,950 feet in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and on the stream in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The two last-mentioned localities are probably on the same bed.

*Sec. 27.*—Smut was seen at an altitude of 3,825 feet in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, on the stream at an altitude of 3,340 feet in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , on the hillside at an altitude of 3,400 feet in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 3,350 feet in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and at an altitude of 3,250 feet in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , near the line between secs. 22 and 27.

*Sec. 28.*—Exposure No. 14. In the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28 is a coal bed 15 feet thick that strikes N. 85° E., and dips 30° N.

Coal smut was seen on the hillside in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 29.*—The coal beds recorded in the description of the exposure in sec. 30 are exposed in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29. The 15-foot coal bed in sec. 28 extends into the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29, and coal smut was seen also in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 30.*—The beds recorded below are exposed in sec. 30:

Exposure No. 15. *Section on east bank of Hoseanna Creek, in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.*

	Feet.
Coal (same as 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ -foot bed of exposure No. 6; see p. 14).....	7+
Sand.....	50
Coal.....	15
Carbonaceous shale.....	Same as 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ -foot bed of exposure No. 6... { 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Coal.....	
Sand and clay.....	32
Coal.....	6
Clay.....	10
Coal.....	18
Clay.....	4
Sand.....	17
Coal.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sand.....	40
Coal.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clay.....	18
Sand.....	20
Coal.....	1
Clay.....	4
Sand and gravel.....	35
Gravel.....	1
Coal.....	5
Carbonaceous shale.....	2
Sand and clay.....	14
Cross-bedded sand.....	30
Gravel.....	4
Sand.....	3
Coal.....	3
Clay.....	1
Coal.....	5
Clay.....	10
	362

Some of the beds in exposure No. 15 and also the higher beds in exposure No. 6, in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19 (see p. 14), crop out in the cliffs on the southeast side of Hoseanna Creek, opposite those described above. Coal smut seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30 indicates the presence of one or more large beds beneath those in exposure No. 15.



Exposure No. 16. A coal bed about 8 feet thick, exposed in a stream in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, at an altitude of 2,650 feet, probably dips at a low angle to the east.

Exposure No. 17. A bluff on the north side of an unnamed stream shows the following section at an altitude of 2,550 feet (base of exposure):

<i>Section in the SW. <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> NW. <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> NW. <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W.</i>		Feet.
Coal.....		10(?)
Concealed and sands.....		75
Coal.....		20

Sec. 31.—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 31, but there are coal smuts at several localities.

Sec. 33.—Smut, probably from a small bed, was seen at an altitude of 3,300 feet on the hillside and in the stream bank in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33.

#### MINING CONDITIONS.

There is undoubtedly a large amount of coal in this township, much of which is above the general drainage level and can be mined without shafts from openings situated on the larger creeks.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

The coal in secs. 18, 19, 30, and 31 and in the western part of secs. 20 and 29 is in the drainage basin of Hoseanna Creek and will find its natural outlet over a branch railroad extending up the creek from Nenana River. There is, however, so large a quantity of easily accessible coal in the lower part of the valley of Hoseanna Creek that probably no such branch will be built into this township for many years.

The coal of the rest of the township is in the drainage basin of Totatlanika Creek, which is tributary to Tanana River, and will find its natural outlet over an independent railroad up the Totatlanika. Such a railroad will not be built for a great many years, unless other industries than coal mining require it.

It is probable that the placer mines of Totatlanika Creek and its tributaries will require a small amount of coal, some of which may be obtained in this township. A little coal has already been mined for this purpose in sec. 8.

#### STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal of this township is so remote from the present markets and from the proposed railroad that there will probably be no demand for leases, except possibly for a small mine, producing annually not more than several hundred tons, to supply the local placer miners.

The coalands of the larger part of this township have therefore not been divided into leasing units but are to be held in their present status until there is a call for the granting of leases or of local mining permits.



The coal lands in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19, in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 30, and in sec. 31 (except the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) are included in leasing blocks 23, 24, and 25. As the coal of these lands can be most economically mined in connection with the coal of T. 11 S., R. 6 W., these tracts are more fully discussed in the section on that township (pp. 26-37).

## T. 9 S., R. 6 W.

[See Pl. V.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Unsurveyed:

Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 18.

## Noncoal land:

Sec. 10, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 10, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 10, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 11, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 11, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 11, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 12.  
 13, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 17, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 17, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 19.  
 20, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 20, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 31, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 32, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 32, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 33, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 33, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 34, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 34, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 34, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 35.  
 36.

## Coal land:

Sec. 10, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 11, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 13, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 13, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 13, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

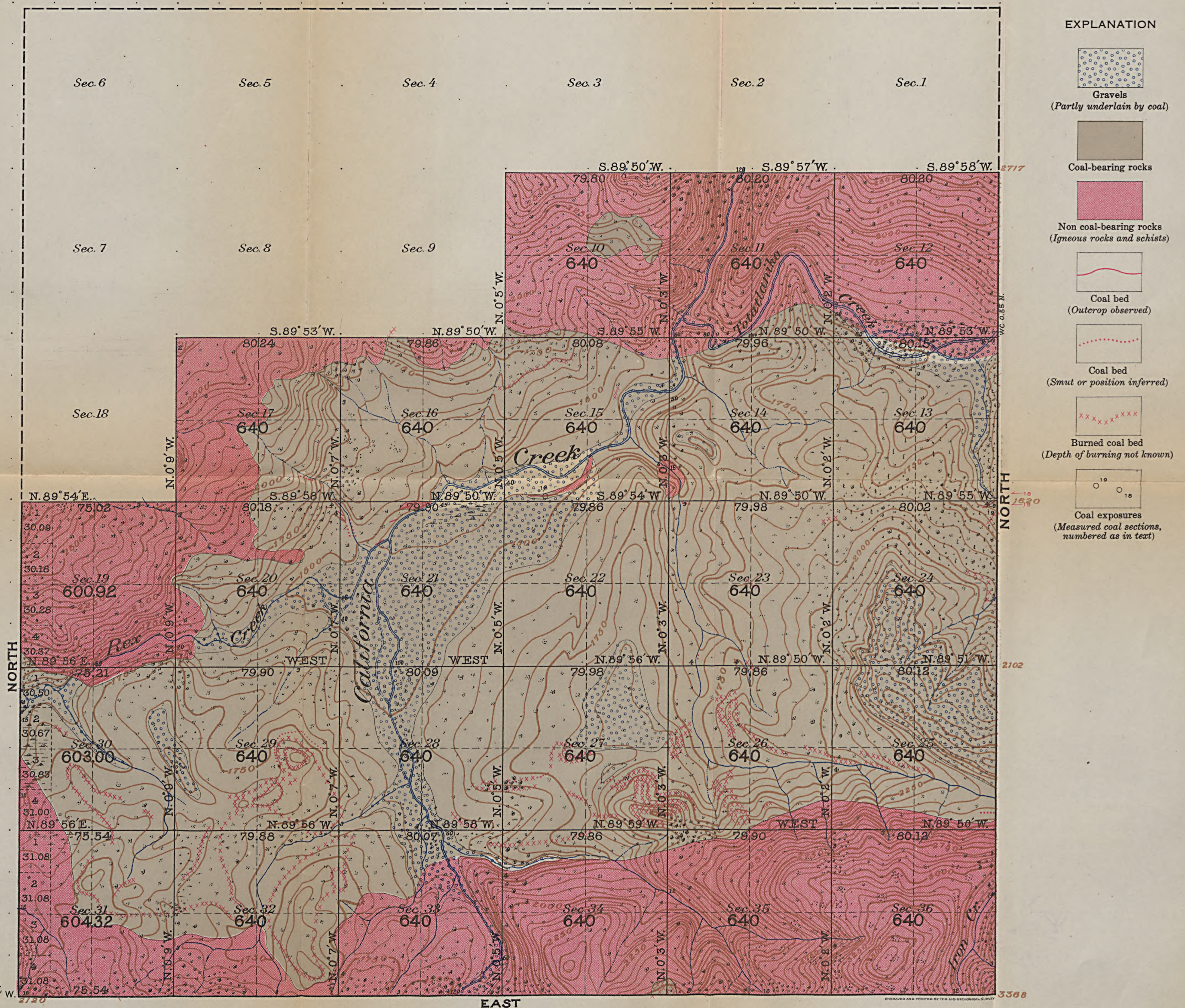
## Coal land—Continued.

Sec. 14.  
 15.  
 16, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 16, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 17, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 17, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 20, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 20, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 21.  
 22.  
 23.  
 24.  
 25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 25, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 26, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27.  
 28.  
 29.  
 30, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 30, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 32, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 33, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 33, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 34, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 34, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## COAL.

*Sec. 10.*—No exposures of coal beds and no coal smuts were seen in sec. 10. A little burned clay was found at several localities. It is doubtful whether this section contains any workable coal.





**TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 9 S., R. 6 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN  
NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA**







*Sec. 11.*—No coal beds, coal smut, or burned clay were seen in sec. 11. This section possibly contains no coal.

*Sec. 13.*—No coal beds and no smut that seemed to be in place were seen in sec. 13.

*Sec. 14.*—No coal beds were seen in sec. 14, but there is a little smut in the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 15.*—Exposure No. 18. In a bluff on the east bank of California Creek the following beds are exposed:

*Section near southeast corner of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 15, T. 9 S., R. 6 W.*

Concealed.	Ft. in.
Coal (included in sample 26359; see pp. 8, 9) .....	6 6
Coal .....	4+
Concealed.	

Much baked clay, probably from burning of large beds, was seen at an altitude of about 1,650 feet in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,400 feet near the center of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  at 1,575 feet, on both sides of the stream that enters California Creek from the southeast in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and at 1,900 feet near the northwest corner of the section.

*Sec. 16.*—Burned clay was seen in the soil at an altitude of 1,850 feet in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 16.

*Sec. 17.*—The stream in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 17 shows coal float at an altitude of about 1,900 feet, but no beds are exposed. Burned clay from an unknown coal bed was seen in a small stream in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 20.*—Several coal beds, none of them over 2 feet thick, are exposed in the stream near the northeast corner of sec. 20. One of these beds strikes N. 50° E., and dips 25° S.

*Sec. 21.*—Several coal beds, none of them more than 2 feet thick, are exposed on the stream that enters Rex Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 21. Another small bed is exposed in the west bank of Rex Creek just below this tributary. Another bed, possibly 3 feet or more thick, is exposed on the west bank of California Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . It is possible that two or more beds may be present at this locality, or there may be only one bed repeated by slumping.

*Sec. 22.*—No coal outcrops or smuts were seen in sec. 22. Exposures are not good in this section.

*Sec. 23.*—No outcrops of coal beds were seen in sec. 23, but smut and burned beds were noted as follows: In the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,660 feet, smut was seen, probably representing a small bed. At the southeast corner of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,800 feet, there is smut and burned clay, probably representing a fairly large bed. In the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , on the hillside at an altitude of 1,900 feet, is burned clay, probably representing a fairly large bed. In the northern part of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,600 feet, coal smut was seen in a slide.

*Sec. 24.*—Exposure No. 19. In the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, at an altitude of 1,600 feet, is a coal bed 12 feet thick, which strikes N. 70° E. and dips 30° S. On the hillside just above is a probably large burned bed that seems to have slumped.

In the eastern part of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is the smut of a small bed. There is much burned material along the hillside, probably from the burning of a large bed.

In the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an elevation of 1,890 feet, is much burned clay.

*Sec. 25.*—No coal exposures were seen in sec. 25, but there is coal smut in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and burned beds in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 26.*—No coal exposures were seen in sec. 26, but there are extensive outcrops of burned beds that indicate a large area of former coal outcrops and possibly a large amount of unburned coal below the surface. Coal smut was seen only in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 27.*—The extensive burned outcrops noted in sec. 26 extend throughout the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 27 and indicate that many thick coal beds formerly cropped out in this area.



and possibly still underlie it. Coal smuts were seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27.

*Sec. 28.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 28. There are burned beds in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 29.*—No exposures of coal beds were seen in sec. 29. There are extensive burned beds in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the southern part of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . A well-defined coal smut occurs beneath the burned beds in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 30.*—No exposures of coal beds and no smuts were seen in sec. 30. A well-defined burned bed (or zone of burned beds) was seen in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Burned beds were seen also in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 31.*—No exposures of coal beds and no coal smuts were seen in sec. 31. In the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  there are extensive burned beds which extend slightly into the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 32.*—No exposures of coal beds and no coal smuts were seen in sec. 32. Burned beds occur abundantly throughout the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 33.*—No exposures of coal beds or smuts were seen in sec. 33. There is a burned bed in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 34.*—No exposures of coal beds or smuts were seen in sec. 34. A burned bed crops out along the crest of the ridge in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and there is a small area of burned clay in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 35.*—A small area of burned clay caps a hilltop in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35.

#### MINING CONDITIONS.

This township formerly contained a large amount of coal, but the beds have been extensively burned, at least at the surface, and burning is still in progress at several localities. The amount of coal now remaining can not be determined without underground exploration. Unburned coal exposures were seen only in secs. 15, 21, and 24, and only a few coal smuts were seen. The larger part of the coal is below drainage level, where it probably is unburned, but where it can be mined only by shafts or slopes.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of this township can find an outlet to market only over a railroad down Totatlanika Creek to Tanana River. Such a railroad would be more than 30 miles long, and the cost of construction through the lower Totatlanika Canyon would probably be very heavy. It is doubtful whether such a road will ever be built unless valuable mineral resources other than coal are discovered in this district.

#### STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The lack of a local market or of transportation makes it certain that there will be no immediate need for leases in this township. The coal lands of the township have therefore not been divided into leasing units but will be held in their present status until there is a call for leases or for local mining permits.



## T. 10 S., R. 6 W.

[See Pl. VI.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Unclassified land:

- Sec. 17, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 17, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 17, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 18, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 18, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 19.  
 20.  
 21, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 21, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30.  
 31, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 31, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Noncoal land:

- Sec. 1.  
 2.  
 3.  
 4.  
 5.  
 6.  
 7.  
 8.  
 9.  
 10.  
 11.  
 12.  
 13, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 13, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 14, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 14, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 15, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 15, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 17, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 17, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 18, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 18, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 23, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 23, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Noncoal land—Continued.

- Sec. 35, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 35, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 36, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 36, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 36, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Coal land:

- Sec. 13, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 13, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 14, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 14, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 15, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 15, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 16, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 21, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 21, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 22.  
 23, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 23, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 23, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 23, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 24, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26.  
 27.  
 28, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 28, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 31, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 32.  
 33.  
 34.  
 35, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 35, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 35, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 35, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 35, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 36, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



## COAL.

*Sec. 2.*—There is a small area of burned clay capping the hilltop in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 2.

*Sec. 3.*—A small area of burned clay caps the hilltop in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 3. The coal is probably all burned.

*Sec. 13.*—Smut was seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 13.

*Sec. 14.*—Smut was seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 14.

*Sec. 16.*—A large amount of smut, probably derived from several large beds, was seen in the N.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 16.

*Sec. 22.*—Exposure No. 20. On the east bank of California Creek, in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 22, is a coal bed more than 10 feet thick.

Exposure No. 21. On the hillside east of California Creek at an altitude of 2,100 feet, in the northern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 22, a coal bed 1 foot or more in thickness strikes N. 25° E. and dips 45° N.

Coal smut was seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 23.*—Exposure No. 22. On the east bank of the creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 23, at an altitude of 2,060 feet, is a coal bed more than 12 feet thick.

Exposure No. 23. On the south bank of McAdams Creek, in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 23, a coal bed 5½ feet thick strikes N. 27° E. and dips 25° N.

Burned clay, probably representing large coal beds, was seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Smut was seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 24.*—Exposure No. 24. On the south bank of the creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, at an altitude of 2,080 feet, is a coal bed over 6 feet thick, which strikes N. 60° E. and dips 15° S.

Exposure No. 25. On the south bank of McAdams Creek, in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, coal 5 to 10 feet thick is exposed.

A coal bed, probably thin, crops out in the south bank of the creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Smut was seen in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Burned clay, probably representing large beds, was seen in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 25.*—A small coal bed is exposed in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, and coal smut was seen in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 26.*—Exposure No. 26. In a gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26 occurs a poor exposure of a coal bed 10½ feet thick, apparently striking N. 80° E. and dipping 28° S.

A coal smut was seen on the south bank of Bonanza Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and burned clay was noted on the hillside in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

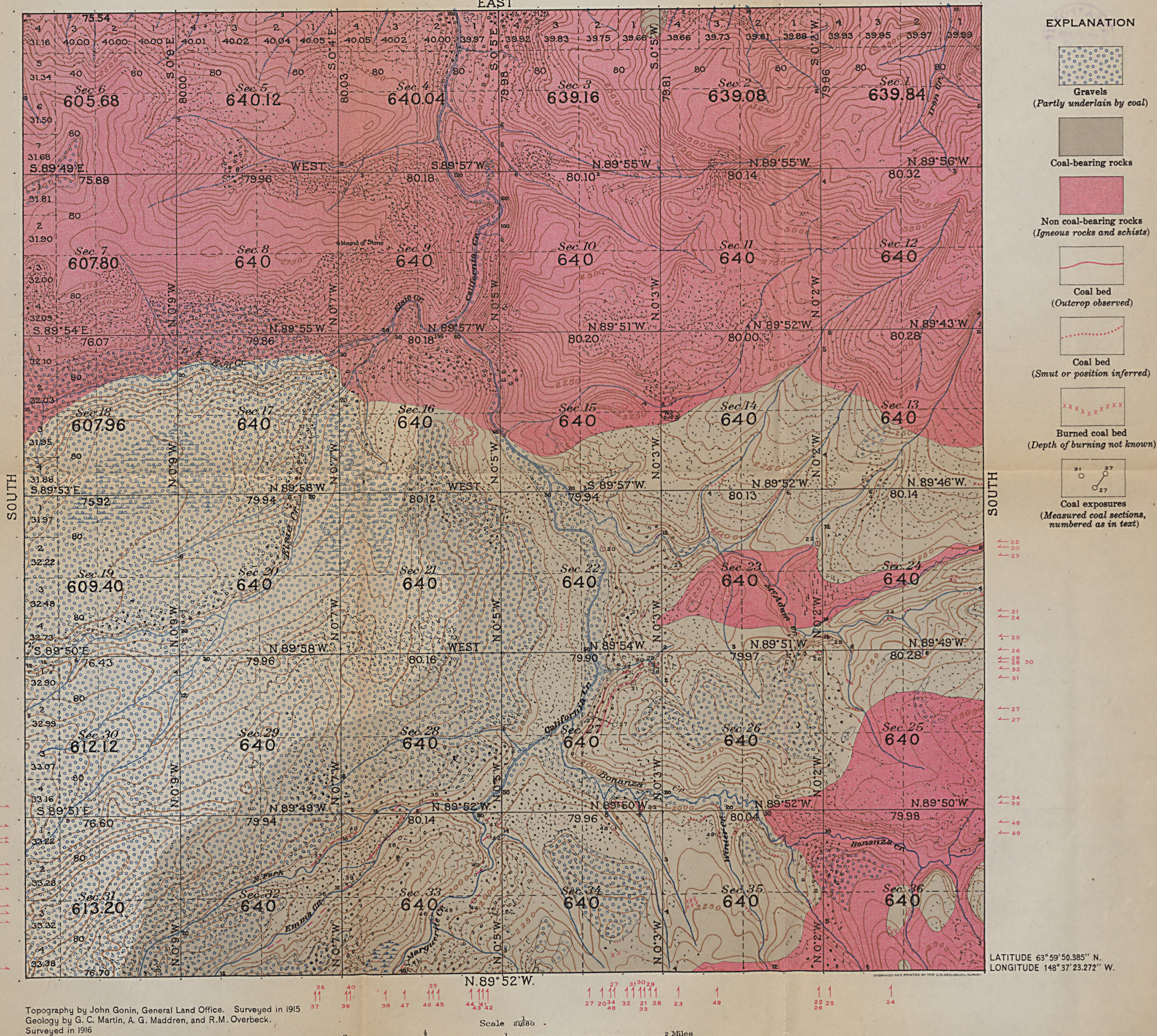
*Sec. 27.*—The following beds were noted in sec. 27:

Exposure No. 27. Section in cliff on east side of California Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, T. 10 S., R. 6 W.

	Ft. in.
Concealed.....	38
Coal.....	1
Sand.....	30
Clay.....	3
Sand.....	5
Gravel.....	30
Coal.....	2 6
Clay.....	2
Clayey coal.....	2 6
Sand.....	26
Gravel.....	24



EAST









	Ft.	in.
Sand.....	5	
Coal.....	9	
Carbon clay.....	6	
Sand.....	42	
Gravel.....	17	
Coal (included in sample 26361).....	12	
Clay stringer.....	8	
Coal (included in sample 26360).....	6	6
Dark carbon clay.....	1	6
Clay.....	33	
Sand and gravel.....	54	

Strike N. 60°-70° E., dip 10°-15° SE.

Exposure No. 28. In a gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, at an altitude of 2,045 feet, is a coal bed 6 feet thick, with a variable clay stringer. This bed strikes N. 65° E. and dips 45° S.

Exposure No. 29. In the same gulch at an altitude of 2,020 feet a coal bed 8 feet thick strikes N. 85° W. and dips 40° S. (?)

Exposure No. 30. In the same gulch at an altitude of 1,985 feet is a coal bed 17 feet thick, which strikes N. 60° E. and dips 15° S.

Exposure No. 31. In a side gulch from the south in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  at an altitude of 1,980 feet, a coal bed 7 feet thick strikes N. 77° E. and dips 28° S.

Exposure No. 32. In the main gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,960 feet, there is a coal bed 8 feet thick that strikes N. 71° E. and dips 57° S. This coal is probably faulted along the stream.

Exposure No. 33. In the south bank of Bonanza Creek in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  at least 8 feet of coal (base concealed) underlies cross-bedded sands.

Exposure No. 34. *Section in south bank of Bonanza Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, T. 10 S., R. 6 W.*

	Feet.
Clean, solid lignite.....	5-6
Clay.....	10
Sandy clay.	

Strike about N. 45° W., dip 8° to 10° N.

Sec. 28.—In sec. 28 the following beds are exposed for 150 feet along the stream:

Exposure No. 35. *Section on north side of Emma Creek in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, T. 10 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of about 1,975 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Cross-bedded sands.		
Lignite.....	1	8
Clay parting.....		3-4
Lignite.....	2	6
Clay parting.....		8-10
Lignite.....	1	4
Clay.		
	6	5

Strike N. 45° E., dip 9° W.

The coal bed of exposure No. 35 is also poorly exposed on the south side of Emma Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28.

Sec. 32.—Exposure No. 36. On the north bank of the south fork of Emma Creek in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 32 is a coal bed that averages 5 feet in thickness, but the base



is partly covered by gravel talus. Clay was seen underlying the bed in places. Imperfect exposures occur on the opposite (east) side of the creek.

Exposure No. 37. On the bank of the north fork of Emma Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 32, coal 3 feet thick overlies cross-bedded sand and gravels. Imperfect exposures of this bed continue downstream to and beyond the line between secs. 32 and 33.

Coal is poorly exposed also at several localities in the banks of the south fork of Emma Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and at one locality on the north fork of Emma Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 33.—The following exposures were noted in sec. 33:

Exposure No. 38. *Section on north bank of Emma Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33, T. 10 S., R. 6 W.*

Sand and gravel.	Ft. in.
Coal.....	5
Clay.....	6-8
Coal.....	1 6
Clay.	

This bed is exposed on the north side of the creek about 40 feet above the creek level. The average thickness of the bed is 7 feet.

Exposure No. 39. On Emma Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 is a bed of lignite 5 to 6 feet thick with a clay parting near the base, probably the same bed as at exposure No. 38.

Exposure No. 40. A coal bed having a thickness of possibly 3 feet is partly exposed on the north fork of Emma Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33.

Exposure No. 41. On the east bank of Marguerite Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 cross-bedded sands and gravel overlie a coal bed of which 8 feet is exposed. This bed strikes N. 45° E. and dips 9° N.

Exposure No. 42. On the west bank of Marguerite Creek near the center of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 18 feet of coal free from partings is overlain by sands and gravels and underlain by clay (?). This is probably the same bed as that at exposure No. 41.

Exposure No. 43. Section on northwest side of Marguerite Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33, T. 10 S., R. 6 W.

Coarse gravel and cobbles.	Feet.
Coal.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ +
Gray sands.....	40
Coal (exposed).....	8

Exposure No. 44. On the east bank of Marguerite Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 12 feet of coal is exposed.

Exposure No. 45. On the east bank of Marguerite Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 8 to 12 feet of coal is exposed, but the base of the bed is concealed.

Exposure No. 46. On Marguerite Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33 is a 5-foot bed of coal, probably a continuation of the bed at exposure No. 45.

Exposure No. 47. Section on Marguerite Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33, T. 10 S., R. 6 W.

Coal.....	Feet.
Coal.....	12
Coal (possibly slide from above).....	15

Sec. 34.—Exposure No. 48. On the west bank of the stream in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34 from 6 to 7 feet of coal (base concealed) underlies sands and sandy clay. Coal smut and burned clay were seen in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



*Sec. 35.*—Exposure No. 49. On the west bank of Winter Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35, underlying sandy clay, is a bed of coal at least 10 feet thick, the base not being exposed.

Coal smut was seen at several localities in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and burned clay in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 36.*—There are burned beds of unknown extent in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36. Some coal smut was seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . It is doubtful if this section contains any workable coal.

#### MINING CONDITIONS.

This township contains a moderately large amount of coal that is above general drainage level and so situated as to be easily mined, and a larger amount that will be available by shafts. The most accessible coal beds are those which crop out in the hill east of California Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 27 and on Marguerite and Emma creeks in secs. 32 and 33. The coal beds that yield the smuts in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 16 are probably thick and accessible and may yield a fairly large tonnage. Small mines could also be opened easily on the outcrops along McAdams and Bonanza creeks. The best sites for deep mining can be determined only by special investigations, probably supplemented by drilling. Present information suggests that one of the most favorable sites for deep mining may be near the junction of Bonanza and California creeks.

In the southwestern part of the township (secs. 16 to 21 and 28 to 32) the coal-bearing and non coal-bearing rocks pass unconformably under a thick gravel cover, beneath which coal may be present but at undetermined localities and depths. This gravel-covered area was not assumed, for purposes of classification, to be coal land, except for those 40-acre tracts that lie wholly or partly within half a mile of the outcrop of the coal-bearing formation.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of this township can find an outlet to the existing markets only over a railroad down California and Totatlanika creeks to Tanana River. Such a railroad will be at least 40 miles long, part of which (through the Totatlanika and California Creek canyons) will be expensive to construct and will probably not be built until it is required for some industry other than coal mining.

#### STATUS OF COAL LAND.

As there is no present or assured local market or transportation for the coal of this township, the coal lands of the township have not been divided into leasing units, but are to be held in their present status till there is a call for leases or for local mining permits.



## T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

[See Pl. VII.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Unsurveyed:

Secs. 1 to 5, 8 to 17.

## Unclassified land:

Sec. 6, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .7, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .18, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .19, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Noncoal land:

Sec. 31, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .31, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .36, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .36, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Coal land:

Sec. 6, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .7, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .7, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .7, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .7, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .18, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .18, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .18, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .18, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .19, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .19, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Coal land—Continued.

Sec. 19, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

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30.

31, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .31, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .32, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .32, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

33.

34.

35.

36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## COAL.

Sec. 7.—Exposure No. 50. On a tributary of Marguerite Creek in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 7 is a coal bed 3 feet thick.

An unmeasured coal bed is exposed also in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 7.

Sec. 18.—Exposure No. 51. On a tributary of Marguerite Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 18 a coal bed 12 feet thick strikes N. 75° W. and dips 25° S.

Exposure No. 52. On a tributary of Marguerite Creek on the north line of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 18 a 6-foot bed of coal is exposed.

Sec. 20.—The following exposures were noted in sec. 20:

Exposure No. 53. Section on tributary of Hoseanna Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 20, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of 2,080 feet.

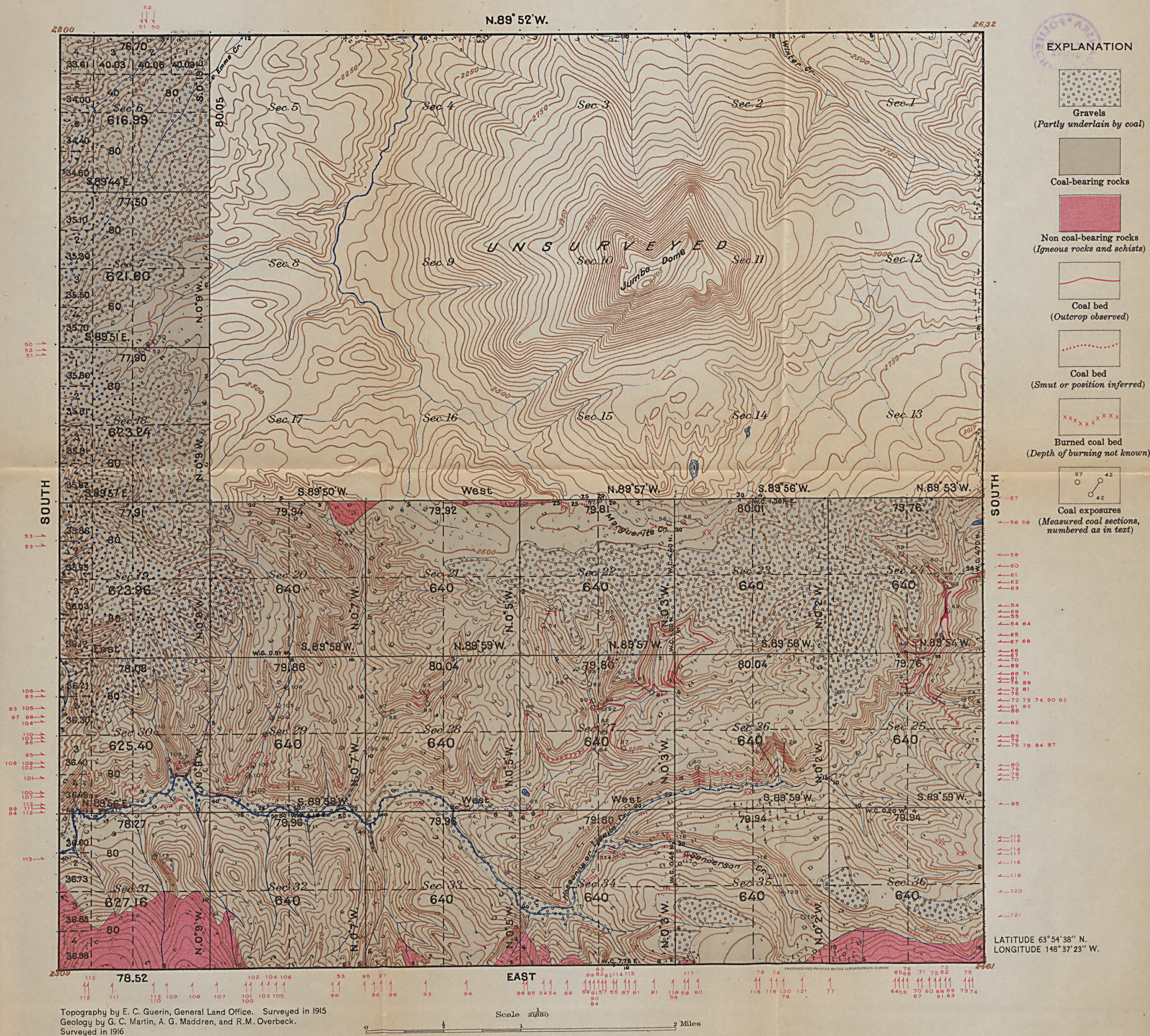
	Ft.	in.
Coal.....	4	
Sand and gravel.....	50	
Coal.....	4	
Clay.....		6
Coal.....	20	6

Strike N. 70° W., dip 45° S.

Smut, probably from the 4-foot bed of the above section, was seen at the stream junction at an altitude of 2,040 feet in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 20. A poorly exposed coal smut was seen also in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 22.—Several exposures were observed in sec. 22, as indicated below.











Exposure No. 54. Section on headwater forks of gulch tributary to Hoseanna Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 22, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of 2,390 feet.

	Feet.
Cross-bedded sands and gravels.....	50
Coal.....	1
Clays.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Coal.....	1
Sands and gravels.....	40
Coal.....	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sands and gravels.....	80
Coal.....	5

Strike N. 78° W., dip 5° N.

A small bed of coal probably lies in the gulch in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 2,180 feet.

Exposure No. 55. In a gulch tributary to Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 2,280 feet, about 5 feet of coal crops out and is overlain by a 1-foot bed of poor coal.

Exposure No. 56. On Marguerite Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 2,520 feet, is a bed of coal about 6 feet thick, which strikes N. 60° E. and dips 30° S. Smut is present about 200 feet downstream from this exposure.

Smut, probably from a fairly large bed (6 feet?), occurs on Marguerite Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,900 feet. Smut was seen in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and smut and burned clay in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Exposure No. 57. At the bend of Marguerite Creek just east of the northwest corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  coal 3 feet thick crops out.

Sec. 23.—Exposure No. 58. A 4-foot bed of coal occurs on Marguerite Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 23.

Smut that is probably from a small bed is found on Marguerite Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and burned clay, apparently from a rather large bed occurs near the center of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 24.—Exposure No. 59. In the eastern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24 is a 4-foot bed of coal dipping 5°–8° S., overlain and underlain by sands.

Three lignite beds, 3 to 6 inches thick, are exposed in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24.

Exposure No. 60. In a gulch in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24 occurs 16 feet of coal, with a low dip underlying sands and gravels and overlying sands.

Exposure No. 61. Section in gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Ft. in.
Sands.....	
Coal.....	2
Clay, pasty.....	5
Coal.....	3 7

Exposure No. 62. Section in gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Ft. in.
Coal.....	3
Clay.....	1 6
Coal.....	10
Clay.....	2
Coal (bony).....	1 6
Coal.....	12
Sand.....	



Exposure No. 63. In a gulch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24 3 feet of coal (base concealed) is overlain by sand.

*Combined section of exposures Nos. 59 to 63.*

	Ft.	in.
Tough clay with three thin lignite beds.....	20	
Cross-bedded sands and gravel.....	150	
Coal.....	16	
Sand and gravel.....	40	
Coal.....	2	
Clay.....		5
Coal.....	3	6
Clay.....	1	6
Sand and gravel.....	35	
Coal.....		3
Clay.....	1	6
Coal.....		10
Clay.....	2	
Bony coal.....	1	6
Coal.....	12	
Sand.....	30	
Coal, partly concealed.....	3	

Exposure No. 64. In a gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, at an altitude of 2,520 feet, is 20 feet of coal, which strikes about east and dips north at a low angle.

Exposure No. 65. *Section in gulch in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of 2,440 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal.....	10	
Clay.....		6
Coal.....	14	6

Exposure No. 66. In a gulch in the southeast corner of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, at an altitude of 2,370 feet, is a 15-foot coal bed that strikes N. 25° E. and dips 5° N.

Exposure No. 67. *Section at point of hill in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

	Feet.
Coal.....	20
Sands, etc.....	50
Coal.....	35
Sands, etc.....	60
Coal (may extend a short distance into sec. 25).....	15

Exposure No. 68. *Section in Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

	Feet.
Coal (same bed as exposure No. 59).....	16
Sandy gravel and clay.....	50
Coal.....	15

Exposure No. 69. On Hoseanna Creek near the center of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, is a 16-foot coal bed.

A little smut occurs near the head of the gulch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 25.—The lowest (15-foot) bed at exposure No. 67 (see above) may cut over the line into the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25.

Exposure No. 70. Near the mouth of the gulch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, at an altitude of 2,250 feet, is a 4-foot bed of coal.



Exposure No. 71. Section on Hoseanna Creek 500 feet below mouth of gulch containing exposure No. 70, in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Feet.
Coal.....	5
Clay.....	8
Coal.....	15
Strike N. 40° E., dip 20° N.	

Exposure No. 72. Section at mouth of gulch entering Hoseanna Creek from the east in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, at an altitude of 2,280 feet.

	Feet.
Coal.....	10
Sand, etc.....	30
Coal.....	20
Sands.....	40
Coal.....	4
Clay.....	6
Coal.....	20
Clay.....	

The lowest bed of this exposure crosses the stream at an altitude of 2,340 feet.

Exposure No. 73. A 5-foot bed of coal appears on a creek tributary to Hoseanna Creek from the east in the N.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec 25, at an altitude of 2,400 feet.

Exposure No. 74. On a creek tributary to Hoseanna Creek from the east in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, at an altitude of 2,430 feet, is 18 feet of coal, partly burned.

Exposure No. 75. At the head of the gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, at an altitude of 2,580 feet, a 5-foot bed of coal is exposed.

Exposure No. 76. Section on north bank of Hoseanna Creek one-fourth mile south of the northwest corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Feet.
Coal.....	17(?)
Sand.....	60
Coal.....	4
Clay.....	$\frac{1}{2}$
Coal.....	5
Clay.....	10
Coal.....	28
Clay.....	8
Sand.....	20

A large amount of burned clay was seen on the side of a gulch in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25.

Exposure No. 77. On the south bank of Hoseanna Creek near the forks, 800 feet north of the southeast corner of sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., is at least 10 feet of coal (top and bottom concealed), striking N. 60° W. and dipping 30° SW. This bed was included in sample 26365 (pp. 8, 9).

On a stream entering Hoseanna Creek from the south in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25 is some coal which may be the bed in exposure No. 77. It has a dip of 15° W.

On the south side of Hoseanna Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25 is a coal bed which strikes N. 75° E. and dips 17° W.

Smut was seen near the center of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



Sec. 26.—The beds noted below were seen in sec. 26:

Exposure No. 78. *Section on west side of fault gulch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

	Ft.	in.
Brownish sand.....	5	
Lignite with drab shale.....	2	6
Brownish sand.....	10	
Drab shale.....	2	
Cross-bedded sands and gravel.....	100	
Lignite (included in sample 26363, pp. 8, 9).....	16	
Clay.....	3	
Cross-bedded sands and gravel.....	22	
Gravel.....	2-4	
Lignite.....	2	
Clay.....	10	
Cross-bedded sands and gravel.....	78	
Coal.....	2	6
Clay.....		3
Coal with bone in places.....	9	
Clay and bone.....		10
Coal (solid).....	10	
Clay.....	3	
Cross-bedded sand and grits (estimated).....	240	
Burned coal bed (estimated).....	15	
Clay.....		10-12
Cross-bedded sands and grits.....	50±	
Lignite (base concealed).....	16-18	
Strike N. 80° W., dip 26° N.		

Exposure No. 79. *Section on east side of fault gulch on the north side of Hoseanna Creek, in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

Coal (six thin beds).	
Sands.....	Feet.
Coal.....	4- 5
Sandy clay.....	(?)
Coal.....	9-10
Concealed.....	(?)
Coal.....	5
Coal.....	1
Coal.....	2
Strike N. 85° E., dip 26° N.	

Exposures of burned clay occur on the south side of Hoseanna Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26 and along the north side of the creek in the N.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



Exposure No. 80. Section in gulch entering Hoseanna Creek from the north one-fourth mile northeast of the southwest corner of sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Feet.
Coal (burned).....	50
Clay.....	10±
Coal (part burned).....	25
Clay.....	35
Gray pebbly sand.....	12
Coal (included in sample 26364, pp. 8, 9).....	25
Clay.....	45
Sand and gravel, iron stained at base.....	7
Coal.....	2
Clay.....	15
Coal.....	½
Clay.....	7
Concealed (probably carbonaceous shale).....	5
Shaly coal.....	3
Sand and gravel with lignite sticks.....	30
Brown sandy clay.....	18
Coal.....	11½
Clay.....	½
Coal.....	10
Clay.....	½
Clay (?).....	18
Coal.....	13
Clay.....	75+

Sec. 27.—In sec. 27 the following outcrops were seen:

Exposure No. 81. Section in cliffs on north fork of Hoseanna Creek in the NE. ¼ sec. 27, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.

	Feet.
Coarse gravel (Quaternary).....	20
Unconformity (?).....	
Sand and gravel.....	60
Coal.....	1
Clay.....	1
Coal.....	2
Clay.....	3
Coal.....	3
Clay with carbonaceous streaks.....	20
Clay.....	15
Gray sand and gravel.....	40
Coal.....	4
Clay.....	20
Brown sand and gravel.....	70
Fault (probably cuts out 110 feet of strata).....	
Coal.....	23
White pebbly sand.....	60
Coal.....	11
Shale.....	2
Coal.....	4+



Exposure No. 82. *Section on stream just north of center of sec. 27, at an altitude of 1,910 feet.*

	Feet.
Coal.....	10
Clay.....	
Concealed.....	14
Coal.....	25
Strike N. 38° E., dip 15° N.	

Exposure No. 83. On a stream about 300 feet due south of the center of sec. 27 about 20 feet of coal is exposed.

Exposure No. 84. On a stream about 500 feet due south of the center of sec. 27 occurs a bed of coal about 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. 85. *Section near southwest corner of sec. 27, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., on stream just east of section corner, at an altitude of about 1,825 feet.*

	Feet.
Coal.....	8
Parting.....	
Coal.....	30
Strike N. 30° E., dip 20° N.	

Exposure No. 86. In the western part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, in a stream at an altitude of 2,150 feet, is exposed a coal bed 15 feet thick.

Burned material and smut from what seems to be a large bed occurs in the northern part of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the stream at an altitude of 1,950 feet.

Exposure No. 87. In a cliff near the hilltop in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is 18 feet of coal.

Exposure No. 88. In the west gulch in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, at an altitude of 2,060 feet, occurs 9 feet of coal striking N. 60° E., and dipping 13° N.

Exposure No. 89. *Section on forks of stream in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of 2,000 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Cross-bedded sand and gravel.....	15	
Coal.....	1	3
Sands and gravels.....	29	
Coal.....	4	6
Sandy clay.....	24	
Cross-bedded sand.....	80	
Coal.....	2	
Clay.....	5	

Strike N. 70° E., dip 15° N. (?).

Exposure No. 90. A stream in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, at an altitude of 1,960 feet, shows 25 feet of faulted coal that strikes N. 78° E. and dips 20° N. This bed was included in sample 26366 (pp. 8, 9).

Exposure No. 91. A stream in the E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, at an altitude of 1,945 feet exposes 9 feet of coal.

Exposure No. 92. *Section on forks of north branch of Hoseanna Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, at an altitude of 1,950 feet.*

	[Thickness estimated.]	Feet.
Coal.....		6
Sands.....		30
Burned bed.....		30 (?)
Sands.....		30
Coal.....		9 (?)

Two beds, apparently those of the upper part of exposure No. 92, crop out in the hill on the east side of the gulch in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27.



Sec. 28.—The beds noted below occur in sec. 28.

Exposure No. 93. *Section on tributary of Hoseanna Creek in the northern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal .....	1	9
Clay .....	1	8
Coal .....	2	6
Clay .....	8	
Coal .....	2	10
Clay .....	5	
Carbonaceous clay .....		8
Sand and gravel .....	40	
Coarse gravel .....	2	
Carbonaceous clay .....	1	6
Coal .....	5	9

Strike N. 80° E., dip 15° N.

Exposure No. 94. Near the mouth of the stream in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, on the west line of the section, at an altitude of 1,785 feet, is a coal bed more than 9 feet thick.

Exposure No. 95. On a creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28 is a bed of coal of which 9 feet is exposed, and the bed may be thicker. It strikes N. 30° E. and dips 8° N.

Exposure No. 96. On a creek near the northwest corner of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, at an altitude of 1,755 feet, about 20 feet of coal is exposed.

Exposure No. 97. On the shoulder of the hill at the stream forks near the center of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, at an altitude of 1,860 feet, is a bed of coal 2 feet 6 inches thick.

Exposure No. 98. On the east branch of the stream just above the fork in the eastern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28, at an altitude of 1,785 feet, is 1 foot 7 inches of coal striking N. 58°-60° E. and dipping 7° N.

Coal smut was seen on Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Burned clay, apparently from a rather large bed, was found in much of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the northern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Coal smut from what seemed to be a large bed was found in the southeast corner of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and smut from what seemed to be a small bed in the stream at an altitude of 1,850 feet in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 29.—Exposure No. 99. A coal bed 18 feet thick is exposed on the north bank of Hoseanna Creek in the southern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29.

Exposure No. 100. On a hillside in the eastern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29, at an altitude of 1,780 feet, is 6 feet of coal (bed C<sup>1</sup>).

Exposure No. 101. A stream in the northeast corner of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29, at an altitude of 1,750 feet, shows 6 feet of coal (bed C<sup>1</sup>).

Exposure No. 102. *Section on creek in the southwest corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29, at an altitude of 1,765 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal (bed E <sup>1</sup> ) .....	20	
Parting .....		4
Coal .....	1	6
Clay .....		

<sup>1</sup> Letters indicate probable correlations with the coal beds of exposure No. 122, described on p. 40.



Exposure No. **103**. On a creek in the northern part of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29 an altitude of 1,825 feet, is a bed of coal 2 feet 6 inches thick.

Burned clay, the result of the burning of a large bed, occurs in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the southeast corner of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the northern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Smut, probably from a small bed or beds, seen on the stream in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Exposure No. **104**. A creek near the center of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  shows about 15 of coal.

Exposure No. **105**. *Section on hillside on creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29, T. 11 R. 6 W., at an altitude of 1,960 feet.*

	Feet.
Coal (bed K).....	3
Clay.....	2
Impure coal (bed J).....	1

Exposure No. **106**. A creek in the southeast corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29 at an altitude of 1,950 feet, exposes 4 feet of coal (bed L).

Exposure No. **107**. On the north bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29 is a bed of coal (bed B) 18 feet thick.

Sec. 30.—Exposure No. **108**. A tributary of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, at an altitude of 1,735 feet, shows a coal bed 20 feet thick.

Exposure No. **109**. A tributary of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. at an altitude of 1,785 feet, also exposes a 20-foot coal bed.

Exposure No. **110**. A coal bed about 18 feet thick is exposed on a tributary Hoseanna Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, at an altitude of 1,880 feet.

Exposure No. **111**. *Section on north bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  S W. sec. 30 (bed B), at an altitude of 1,650 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal (included in sample 26362, pp. 8, 9).....	7	
Clay.....		6
Coal (included in sample 26362, pp. 8, 9).....	12	
Clay.....		1
Coal (included in sample 26362, pp. 8, 9).....	7	

Exposure No. **112**. *Section of bluff on north side of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  S W.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., at an altitude of 1,650 feet.*

	Feet.
Concealed.....	50
Coal (bed E).....	20
Sand.....	15
Coal (bed D).....	7
Sand and concealed.....	100
Coal (bed B) at stream level.	

Burned clay, apparently from the burning of a large coal bed, was seen in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Smut, probably from a large bed, occurs in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,810 feet; in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Other smut was seen in the W.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 31.—The outcrop noted below occurs in sec. 31.

Exposure No. **113**. *Section in gulch on south side of Hoseanna Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  S W.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 6 W.*

	Feet.
Clay.....	60
Coal.....	2
Gray clay.....	2-3
Coal.....	4-5
Sands, etc.	



*Sec. 33.*—Much smut occurs along the stream in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 31, also on the hill in the S.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Burned beds were seen in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 34.*—Exposure No. 114. On the south side of Sanderson Creek near the mouth, in the northern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34, was seen more than 4 feet of coal, striking east and dipping 25°–30° N.

Exposure No. 115. On the north side of Sanderson Creek near the mouth, in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34, is another bed of coal more than 4 feet thick. This bed seems to be about 50 feet above the bed of exposure No. 114.

Exposure No. 116. On the north bank of Sanderson Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is a bed of coal 12 feet thick.

Coal smut is widely distributed in sec. 34. The smut in the northwest corner of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is probably from a large bed. Burned coal beds and burned clay occur at many localities. The burned clay in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is from a partly burned coal bed probably 20 feet thick.

*Sec. 35.*—Exposure No. 117. On Sanderson Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  a coal bed 15 feet thick crops out.

Exposure No. 118. On Sanderson Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is about 15 feet of coal striking N. 70° W. and dipping 22° N.

Exposure No. 119. On Sanderson Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  burned shale overlies a bed of coal more than 20 feet thick.

Exposure No. 120. On Sanderson Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is an exposure showing about 20 feet of coal striking N. 55° W. and dipping 12° N.

Exposure No. 121. On Sanderson Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  is over 8 feet of coal, which strikes N. 75° W. and dips 17° N. This may be the 20-foot bed of exposure No. 120.

Burned beds occur near the center of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and on the west line of the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal smut was seen in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 36.*—Burned beds were seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and the S.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36.

#### MINING CONDITIONS.

In the south half of this township the coal is well exposed in the deep valleys of Hoseanna Creek and its tributaries, which have cut almost to the base of the nearly horizontal coal-bearing rocks. Consequently the coal of the south half of the township may be mined from hillside drifts. The mining units should be laid out with reference to the topography, each interstream area constituting a natural mining unit. The mine openings should be so situated as to secure natural drainage and down-grade haulage of the loaded mine cars.

The north half of the township, which is drained by Marguerite Creek, is not deeply dissected, and the amount of coal above drainage level in this half is small. For extensive mining in this part of the township shafts will probably be necessary.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of the south half of the township will find its outlet over a branch railroad extending up Hoseanna Creek from Nenana River. The western edge of the township is about 6 miles from Nenana River and a railroad can be built up Hoseanna Creek without serious difficulty.



The coal of the north half of the township can find a feasible outlet to the present or prospective markets only over a railroad down Marguerite, California, and Totatlanika creeks to Tanana River. There is no prospective need for such a road.

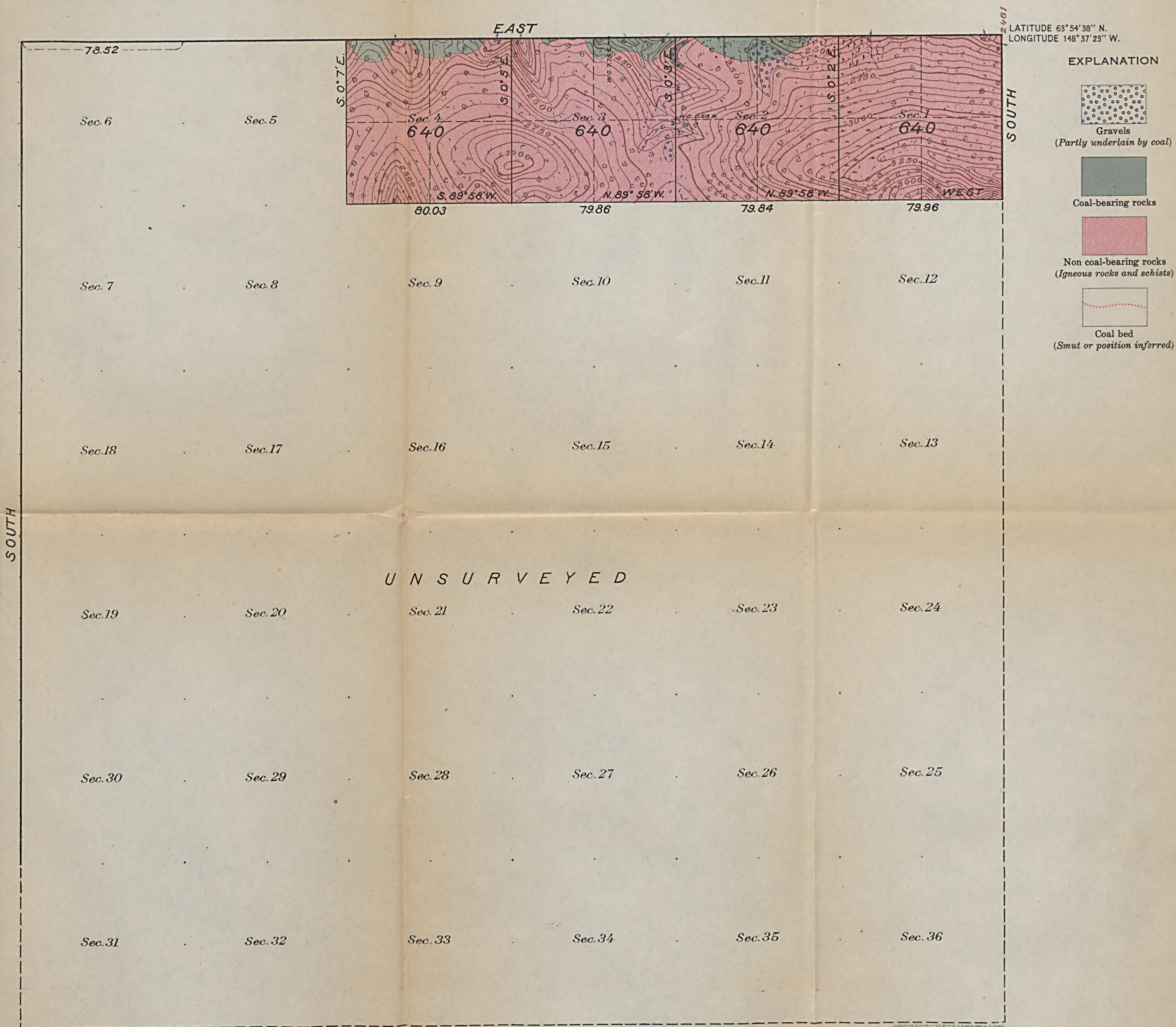
#### STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal of the north half of the township is so inaccessible that there will probably be no possibility of mining it for a long time. These lands have consequently not been subdivided into leasing blocks but will be held in their present status till there is a call for leases or for temporary mining permits.

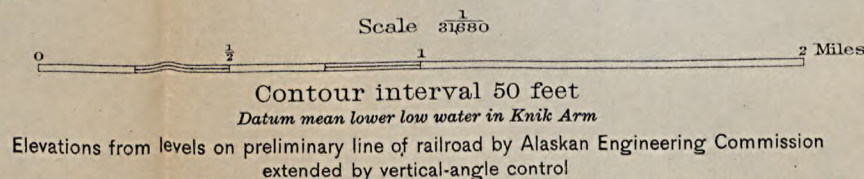
The coal lands of the south half of the township have been subdivided into 16 leasing units (Nos. 10 to 25, inclusive), as indicated on the accompanying map and as described below.

- No. 10. Sec. 19, except W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 30.  
     Area, 1,177.55 acres.
- No. 11. Sec. 31, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
     Sec. 31, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 393.33 acres.
- No. 12. Sec. 20.  
     Sec. 29.  
     Area, 1,280 acres.
- No. 13. Sec. 32, except SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 600 acres.
- No. 14. Sec. 21.  
     Sec. 28.  
     Area, 1,280 acres.
- No. 15. Sec. 33, except E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 560 acres.
- No. 16. Sec. 22.  
     Sec. 27, except SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 1,080 acres.
- No. 17. Sec. 27, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 33, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 34, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 480 acres.
- No. 18. Sec. 34, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 400 acres.
- No. 19. Sec. 23.  
     Sec. 26, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 720 acres.
- No. 20. Sec. 26, except N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 560 acres.
- No. 21. Sec. 34, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 35.  
     Area, 680 acres.
- No. 22. Sec. 24, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Sec. 25, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
     Area, 680 acres.





Topography by General Land Office. Surveyed in 1915  
Geology by G. C. Martin, A. G. Maddren, and R. M. Overbeck. Surveyed in 1916

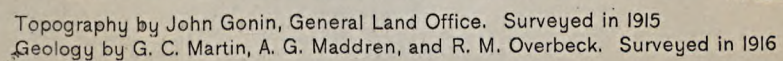


**TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 12 S., R. 6 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN  
NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA**









Scale  $\frac{1}{3180}$

0  $\frac{1}{2}$  1 2 Miles

Contour interval 50 feet  
Datum mean lower low water in Knik Arm

Elevations from levels on preliminary line of railroad by Alaskan Engineering Commission  
extended by vertical-angle control

TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 9 S., R. 7 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN  
NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA







- No. 23. Sec. 24, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Sec. 25, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Sec. 19, T. 11 S., R. 5 W., SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W., N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Area, 388.32 acres.
- No. 24. Sec. 25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W., SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Area, 589.08 acres.
- No. 25. Sec. 36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 5 W., NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 Area, 790.05 acres.

## T. 12 S., R. 6 W.

[See Pl. VIII.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

Unsurveyed:	Noncoal land—Continued.
Secs. 5 to 36.	Sec. 3.
Noncoal land:	4.
Sec. 1.	Coal land:
2.	None.

## COAL.

Non-coal-bearing rocks (schists) occupy all of sec. 1 and all except small areas in the extreme northern parts of secs. 2, 3, and 4, where the basal margin of the coal formation is present. No outcrops of coal beds were seen in the surveyed portion of this township. Coal smut was seen in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 3.

## T. 9 S., R. 7 W.

[See Pl. IX.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

Unsurveyed:	Noncoal land—Continued.
Secs. 1 to 23, 28 to 33.	Sec. 26, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .
Noncoal land:	27.
Sec. 24.	34.
25, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	35.
25, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	36.
25, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	Coal land:
26, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ .	Sec. 25, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ .
26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	25, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ .
26, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	26, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .
26, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .	26, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## COAL.

Sec. 24.—A narrow strip along the southern margin of sec. 24 is mapped as coal-bearing formation, and the burned clay in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25 extends over into the southern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24. No coal was seen in sec. 24, and any that may exist there is believed to be so small in quantity and under so thin a cover that the entire section should be classified as noncoal land.

Sec. 25.—The remains (burned clay) of a burned coal bed were seen near the northwest corner of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25. This seems to represent a fairly large bed near the base of the coal measures. Coal smut was seen along the creek flowing southeastward through the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and also on the creek flowing eastward through the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , but these coal beds are not exposed. Indications of a burned bed were seen in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 26.—Smut and coal float were seen on creeks in the southern parts of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26, but no exposures of coal were seen. Only the basal part of the coal measures is present in this section, and it is very doubtful whether the section contains any workable coal.



## MINING CONDITIONS.

The coal-bearing rocks of this township occur in a thin plate on the north slope of the valley of Rex Creek. As no actual outcrops of coal beds were seen here, it is impossible to estimate the amount of coal. Probably, however, only a few beds are present, and these lie near the surface. This coal can best be mined in small, simple operations.

## TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of this township can be brought to the present markets only by a railroad along Rex, California, and Totatlanika creeks. Such a railroad would be at least 35 miles long (to Tanana River) and will probably not be constructed in the near future.

## STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal lands of this township have not been offered for lease but will be held in their present status till there is a demand for leasing or for temporary mining permits.

T. 10 S., R. 7 W.

[See Pl. X.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Unclassified land:

- Sec. 19, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 19, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 25.  
 26, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 26, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 31,  
 32,  
 33,  
 34.  
 35.  
 36.

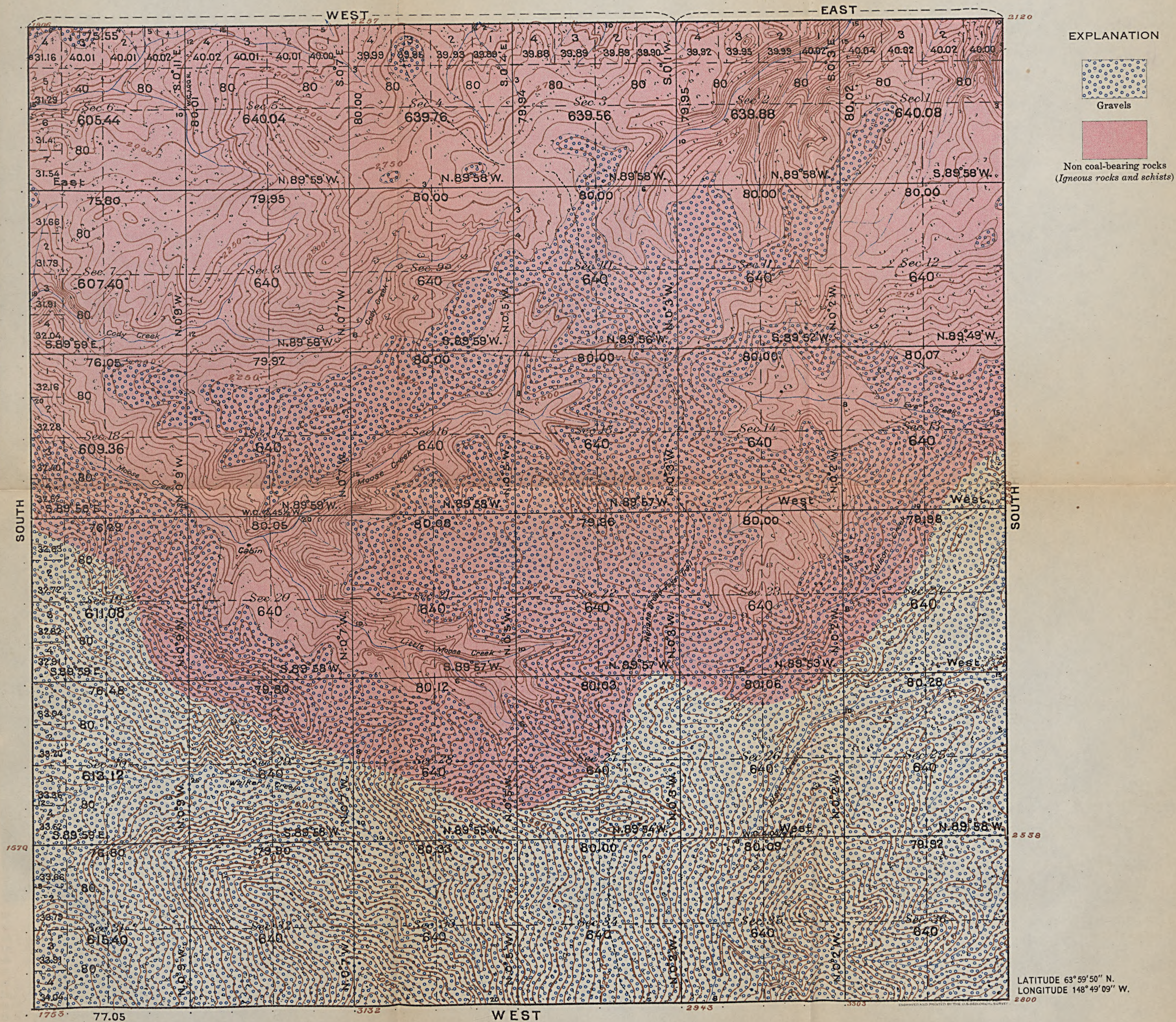
## Noncoal land:

- Sec. 1.  
 2.  
 3.  
 4.  
 5.  
 6.

## Noncoal land—Continued.

- Sec. 7.  
 8.  
 9.  
 10.  
 11.  
 12.  
 13.  
 14.  
 15.  
 16.  
 17.  
 18.  
 19, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 19, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 20.  
 21.  
 22.  
 23.  
 24, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 24, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 26, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 27, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 28, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 28, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 29, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 30, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .





Topography by E. C. Guerin, General Land Office. Surveyed in 1915  
Geology by G. C. Martin, A. G. Maddren, and R. M. Overbeck. Surveyed in 1916

# TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 10 S., R. 7 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA







The surface rocks of T. 10 S., R. 7 W., are schists, igneous rocks, and gravels. It is believed that the schists and igneous rocks underlie the gravels throughout the township. The only indication of coal in this township is in lots 2, 3, and 4, sec. 6, where all fragments of coal were seen near the base of the gravel. These may have been derived from reworked coal in the gravel, or possibly from a thin layer of the coal measures. In neither case is there reason to assume that the township contains any workable coal.

## T. 11 S., R. 7 W.

[See Pl. XI.]

## CLASSIFICATION.

## Classified land.

- Sec. 1.  
2.  
3.  
4.  
5.  
6.  
7.  
8.  
9.  
10.  
11.  
12, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
12, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
12, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
12, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
13, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
13, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
13, W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
13, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
14.  
15.  
16.  
17.  
18.  
19.  
20.  
21.  
22, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
22, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
22, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
22, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
23, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
24, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
24, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
27, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
28, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
28, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
29, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
29, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
29, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
29, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## Unclassified land—Continued.

- Sec. 30, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
30, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
Noncoal land:  
Sec. 35, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
35, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
35, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
36, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
36, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
36, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
Coal land:  
Sec. 12, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
12, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
12, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
13, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
13, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
22, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
22, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
23, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
24, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
24, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
25.  
26.  
27, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
27, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
27, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
27, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
30, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
30, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
30, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
31.  
32.  
33.  
34.  
35, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
35, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
35, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
36, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

## COAL.

Sec. 25.—The coal-bearing rocks crop out throughout the southern part of sec. 25 and pass beneath the gravels that cover the northern part of the section. The following table probably records the complete sequence of all the coal beds that crop out in this section.

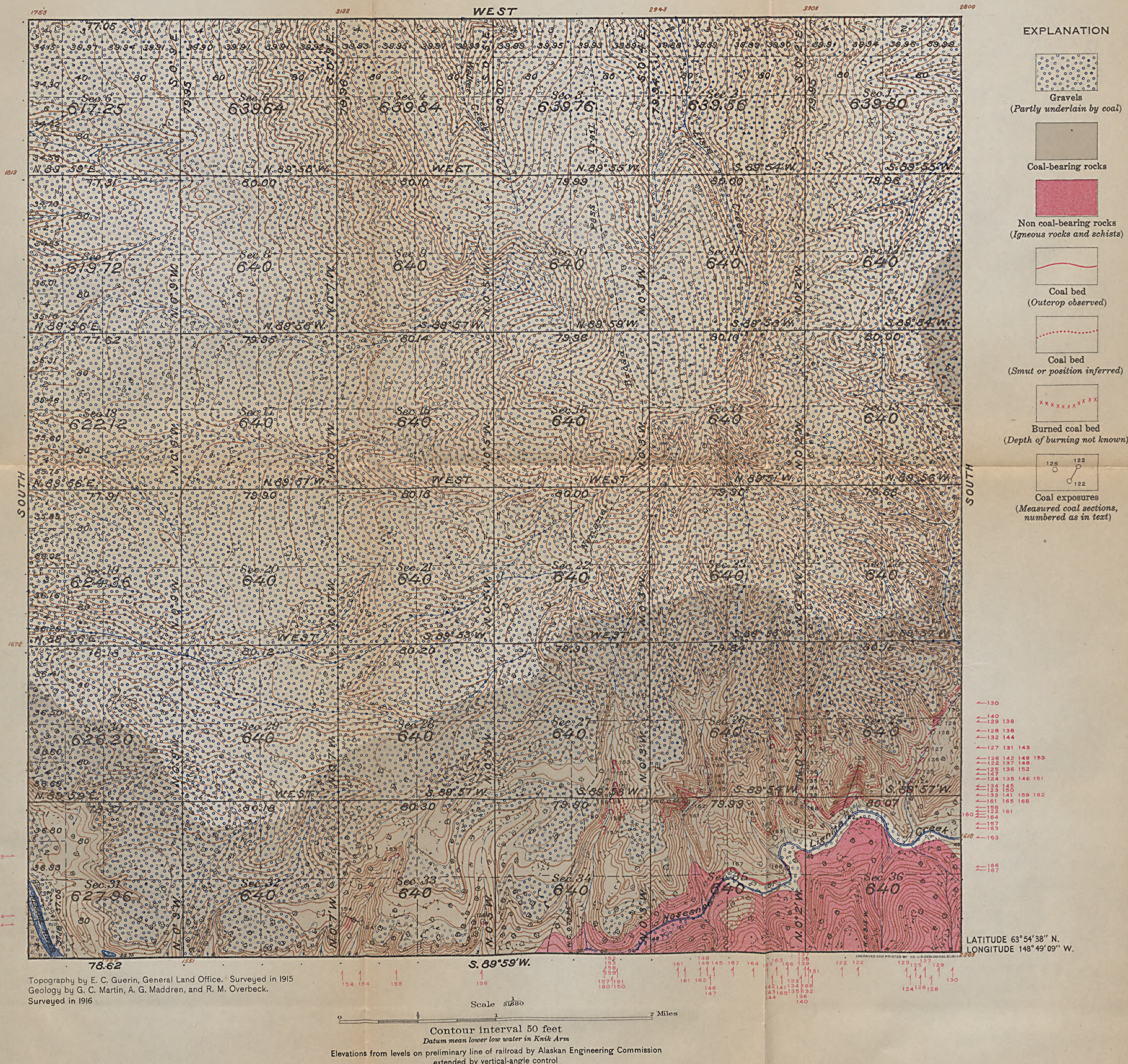


Exposure No. 122. Section in gulch heading in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 7 W.<sup>1</sup>

	Ft.	in.
Top of hill.....		
Sands.....	60	
Impure coal and clay (bed O).....	2	
Sands.....	23	
Coarse gravel over coal.....		
Coal (bed N).....	2	6
Clay.....	9	6
Coal.....	2	3
Impure coal.....		
Sands (clay at top).....	68	
Coal.....	4	6
Impure coal.....		
Cross-bedded sands and gravels.....	62	
Coal (bed K).....	2	6
Clay.....	6	
Coal (bed J).....	1	
Sands.....	43	
Coal (bed I).....	1±	
Concealed, mostly sand, with possibly two small coal beds.....	117	
Concealed, coal slump (bed H).....	10?	
Sand and gravel, clay.....	55	
Coal (bed G).....	7	3
Clay.....	10	
Sand.....	55	
Coal (bed F).....	28	6
Sand.....	57	
Coal (bed E).....	22	
Clay.....	4	
Sands and gravels.....	12	
Coal.....	3	6
Shaley coal.....		
Coal.....		
Clay.....	5	
Sands.....	16	
Clay and carbonaceous matter.....	4	
Clay.....	1	6
Sands with some gravel.....	15	
Coal.....	2	6
Clay.....		
Coal.....	3	6
Clay.....	15	
Sands.....	35	
Brown sand, locally indurated.....	1	
Coal.....	6	6
Clay.....		
Impure coal.....	10	6
Clay.....		
Coal.....	4	
Concealed, part coal.....	10	
Sands and gravel.....	110	

<sup>1</sup> The lower part (beds B to F, inclusive) is exposed in sec. 36.











Exposures Nos. 123 to 130, listed below, were seen on Popovitch Creek, the large creek in the eastern part of sec. 25. The letters "C" to "K" indicate probable correlations of the coal beds with those recorded in the section at exposure No. 122.

Exposure No. **123**. Popovitch Creek, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,670 feet. Coal (bed C?) about 4 feet thick; strike east, dip  $14^{\circ}$  N.

Exposure No. **124**. Popovitch Creek, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,680 feet. Coal (bed D?) more than 5 feet thick.

Exposure No. **125**. Popovitch Creek, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,705 feet. Thick coal bed, not measured (bed E).

Exposure No. **126**. Popovitch Creek, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,710 feet. Thick coal bed, not measured (bed F).

Exposure No. **127**. Popovitch Creek, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,720 feet. Coal (bed G) more than 8 feet thick.

Exposure No. **128**. Popovitch Creek, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,755 feet. Woody coal (bed I) 1 foot 6 inches thick; strike N.  $60^{\circ}$  E., dip  $10^{\circ}$  N.

*Exposure No. 129. Section on Popovitch Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., at an altitude of 1,775 feet.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal (bed K).....	2	
Clay.....	4	
Coal (bed J).....	1	6

Exposure No. **130**. Popovitch Creek, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,800 feet. Coal (bed L) more than 3 feet thick.

Exposure No. **131**. Large creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude, 1,800 feet. Coal (small bed, I?) not measured.

Exposure No. **132**. Large creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,805 feet. Coal (small beds, J and K?) not measured.

*Sec. 26.*—The coal beds of sec. 26 are the western continuation of those exposed in sec. 25, but the lowest beds exposed in sec. 25 do not reach the surface in sec. 26.

Exposure No. **133**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,660 feet. Coal (bed C or D) about 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. **134**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,675 feet. Coal (bed E?), large bed; not measured.

Exposure No. **135**. Creek in E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,705 feet. Coal (bed F?), large bed; not measured.

Exposure No. **136**. Creek in E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,720 feet. Coal (bed G) more than 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. **137**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  altitude 1,745 feet. Coal (bed H?) more than 18 feet thick; strike N.  $65^{\circ}$  E., dip  $40^{\circ}$  (?) N.

Exposure No. **138**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,850 feet. Coal (bed I?) more than 4 feet thick.

Exposure No. **139**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,870 feet. Coal (beds M and N) 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. **140**. Creek in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,890 feet. Coal (bed O) over 2 feet thick.

Exposure No. **141**. Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,720 feet. Coal more than 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. **142**. Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,820 feet. Coal more than 5 feet thick.

Exposure No. **143**. Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,920 feet. Coal (bed L?) more than 4 feet thick.

Exposure No. **144**. Creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,960 feet. Coal (beds M and N), not measured.



Exposure No. 145. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,775 feet. Coal 15 feet thick; strike N. 80° E., dip 10° N.

Exposure No. 146. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,800 feet. Coal, possibly slide, over 6 feet thick.

Exposure No. 147. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,805 feet. Coal 20 feet thick.

Exposure No. 148. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,870 feet. Coal over 18 inches thick.

Exposure No. 149. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,885 feet. Coal 6 feet thick; strike N. 70° E., dip 15° N.

Sec. 27.—The larger part of sec. 27 is gravel covered, and the only known coal exposures, which are in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , seem to represent beds well up in the coal measures. It is possible that the entire section in underlain by coal.

Exposure No. 150. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,910 feet. Coal 6 feet thick; strike N. 85° E., dip 15° N.

Exposure No. 151. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,940 feet. Coal more than 18 feet thick.

Exposure No. 152. Hillside by creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,980 feet. Coal (probably same bed as No. 153) 2 feet thick; strike east, dip 20° N.

Exposure No. 153. Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 2,000 feet. Coal 2 feet thick.

Coal float was seen in the creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of about 2,050 feet.

Sec. 28.—Sec. 28 is wholly covered with gravel, except probably a small area of coal measures in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . No coal beds were seen, and it may be that any coal that the section contains is at a considerable depth.

Sec. 30.—Sec. 30 is covered with gravel, except probably a small area of coal measures in the southern part of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . The depth to the coal and even the presence of coal in this section are uncertain, but coal beds are exposed in the bank of Nenana River, on the unsurveyed land west of sec. 30, that should pass under this section unless they are cut out by the unconformity at the base of the gravels.

Sec. 31.—No coal beds are known to crop out in sec. 31, but there are coal beds exposed both south and west of this section that should pass beneath it unless they are cut out by the unconformity at the base of the gravels.

Sec. 32.—The larger part of sec. 32 is covered with gravels, and no coal outcrops are known. Some of the coal beds exposed in sec. 33 of this township and in sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., should underlie part of sec. 32 unless they are cut out by the unconformity at the base of the gravels.

Sec. 33.—The exposures noted below were recorded in sec. 33.

Exposure No. 154. Section in cliff on west side of stream in the W.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33, T. 11 S., R. 7 W.

	Feet.
Sands and gravels.....	50±
Coal.....	3
Sands and gravels.....	40
Coal.....	3
Sands, gravels, and concealed.....	30
Coal ( a few inches).	
Sands.....	25
Coal.....	3
Clay.....	6
Coal.....	3
Sands, clays, concealed.....	100±

The beds recorded above are nearly horizontal but seem to dip slightly to the south.

Exposure No. 155. On the creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,920 feet, is a coal bed about 3 feet thick.



Exposure No. 156. A creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , at an altitude of 1,575 feet, exposes coal bed about 6 feet thick that seems to be horizontal.

Coal smut, apparently derived from a small bed, was seen at an altitude of 1,750 in the bank of the creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 34.—The southern part of the S.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the southern part of the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34 have a surface of schist and are consequently barren of coal. The coal-bearing rocks overlie the schist and form the surface of the rest of the section, except several areas of gravel that may be assumed to be underlain by the coal measures. The exposures in the coal measures are not good, and coal beds have been seen only in the localities described below.

Exposure No. 157. Creek in NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,760 feet. Coal about 15 feet thick.

Exposure No. 158. Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,845 feet. Coal about 25 feet thick.

Exposure No. 159. Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,875 feet. This exposure consists of a few feet of coal overlain by much burned material. It apparently represents a large bed.

Exposure No. 160. Bluff on west side of creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude, 1,800 feet. This exposure consists of a burned bed about 30 feet thick, probably the same bed as No. 159.

There is also a burned bed near the base of the coal measures on the hill in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 35.—The following outcrops were seen in sec. 35.

Exposure No. 161. *Section of bluff on north side of creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 7 W.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal.....	25	
Sands, etc.....	35	
Coal.....	6	
Sand.....	55	
Coal (included in sample 26369, pp. 8, 9).....	12	
Clay.....		6
Coal (included in sample 26369, pp. 8, 9).....	5	
Clay.....		6
Coal (included in sample 26369, pp. 8, 9).....	15	
Sand.....	50	
Coal.....	8	
Sands, etc.....	30	
Coal (impure).....	2	
Sand and clay.....	10	
Coal (impure).....	2	

Exposure No. 162. Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , altitude 1,720 feet. Coal 20 feet thick; strike east, dip 23° N.

Exposure No. 163. *Section of bluff on north side of Hoseanna Creek near center of the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34, T. 11 S., R. 7 W.*

	Feet.
Coal.....	6±
Sand and gravel.....	50±
Coal (bed B).....	30±

Exposure No. 164. Small creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (bed B?), not measured.

Exposure No. 165. Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (bed B?), not measured.



Exposure No. **166**. North bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (bed A?), 20 feet thick. This is believed to be the lowest coal bed of this district. It is probably 100 feet or more below bed B of exposure No. 122.

Exposure No. **167**. North bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (bed A?), about 20 feet thick.

There is an outlier of coal-bearing rocks south of Hoseanna Creek in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 35 that consists chiefly of burned clay and clinker, probably derived from the burning of bed A and possibly of bed B. There is probably little if any unburned coal in this area.

*Sec. 36.*—Sec. 36 contains the beds noted below.

Exposure No. **168**. Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (bed B?), large bed, not measured.

The lower part of exposure No. 122 (see p. 40) as recorded below is exposed in sec. 36.

*Section of bluff on north bank of Hoseanna Creek in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 7 W.*

	Ft.	in.
Coal (bed F).....	28	6
Sand.....	57	
Coal (bed E).....	22	
Clay.....	4	
Sands and gravels.....	12	
Coal.....	3	6
Shaly coal.....	1	4
Coal.....	2	6
Clay.....	5	
Sands.....	16	
Clay and carbon matter.....	4	
Clay.....	1	6
Sands, with some gravel.....	15	
Coal.....	2	6
Clay.....	6	
Coal.....	3	
Clay.....	15	
Sands.....	35	
Brown sand (locally indurated).....	1	
Coal.....	6	6
Clay.....	6	
Impure coal.....	10	
Clay.....	2	
Coal.....	4	
Concealed (part coal).....	10	
Sands and gravel.....	110	
Altitude, 1,580 feet; stream level.		

#### MINING CONDITIONS.

The exposed coal of T. 11 S., R. 7 W., is restricted to the southern quarter of the township, where it crops out in a belt situated on the north side of Hoseanna Creek and lying between the schists south of and in the creek valley and the gravels in the high hills north of the creek. The coal-bearing rocks unconformably overlie the schists and unconformably underlie the gravels. They strike about east and dip in general about 15° N.



There is no available evidence concerning the distance to which the coal extends beneath the gravels, except that on the northern margin of this gravel area, in T. 10 S., R. 7 W., the schists and not the coal-bearing rocks emerge from beneath the gravels.

Neither is there any evidence concerning the depth to the coal in those areas where it may be present under the gravels. The northward dip of  $15^{\circ}$  if continued would carry the coal down at a rate of about 1,400 feet to the mile beneath the gravels, which are at least 2,000 feet thick. The amount of dip may increase or may diminish beneath the gravels, and the direction of the dip may hold northward or may be reversed. On the eastern edge of the gravel area in T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and T. 10 S., R. 6 W., reversals of dip and other structural irregularities were observed.

It is consequently unsafe to assume that the area of minable coal includes anything more than the area of actual coal outcrops, with a narrow additional zone along the southern margin of the gravels. For purposes of land classification it was assumed that only those gravel-covered areas lying within half a mile of outcrops of coal-bearing rocks are probable coal land. Cautious investors may well regard even this assumption as underconservative.

The coal beds are well exposed in the deep gulches of most of the creeks flowing southward into Hoseanna Creek. The most favorable sites for immediate mining are localities where the larger coal beds cross these creeks, and the natural mining units are the interstream areas.

A large amount of coal can be won by drift mining from openings on the northern tributaries of Hoseanna Creek. It is likely that a considerable amount of coal, possibly a large proportion of that for which there will be a demand in the immediate future, can be mined by stripping. A favorable site for stripping is on the 20-foot bed (A) in the north bank of Hoseanna Creek in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35. The thickness of the coal, its position on the edge of the creek, and the comparatively large area with thin overburden are the favorable features for open mining at this locality.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

All the known coal in T. 11 S., R. 7 W., is on Hoseanna Creek or its tributaries, and will be easily accessible from a branch railroad extending up the creek. The part of this proposed branch within this township will all be within 6 miles of the main railroad line on Nenana River.

#### STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal lands of the north half of T. 11 S., R. 7 W., in the gravel-covered area in secs. 12 and 13, are not definitely known to contain workable coal and are so situated as to be practically inaccessible



by any proposed means of transportation. They have consequently not been subdivided into leasing units or offered for lease but will be held in their present status.

The coal lands of the south half of T. 11 S., R. 7 W., are the most accessible of the surveyed coal lands of the Nenana field. They have been subdivided into seven leasing units (Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 9), as indicated on the accompanying map, and as described below.

No. 1. Sec. 30, except NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 31.

Unsurveyed lot described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., thence due west to the right of way of the main line of the Government railroad, thence south along said right of way to the west line (extended) of sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., thence north along the west line of secs. 31 and 30, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., to the place of beginning.

Area, 1,664.16 acres.

No. 2. Sec. 29, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 32.

Sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 840 acres.

No. 4. Sec. 28, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 33.

Sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 1,120 acres.

No. 5. Sec. 22, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 27, except NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 34.

Area, 1,360 acres.

No. 7. Sec. 23, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Sec. 26.

Sec. 35, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 1,240 acres.

No. 8. Sec. 25, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 160 acres.

No. 9. Sec. 24, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 25.

Sec. 36, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 1,040 acres.

T. 12 S., R. 7 W.

[See Pl. XII.]

#### CLASSIFICATION.

##### Unsurveyed lands:

Secs. 6 to 9, 13 to 36.

##### Unclassified land:

Secs. 10 and 11 (part coal land according to rule; fault introduces uncertainty).

12.

##### Noncoal land:

Sec. 1.

2, N.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

2, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

##### Noncoal land—Continued.

Sec. 2, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

2, SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

3, NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

3, N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

##### Coal land:

Sec. 2, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

3, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

3, W.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

4.

5.

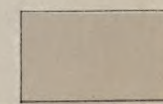


LATITUDE 63° 54' 38" N.  
LONGITUDE 148° 49' 09" W.

## EXPLANATION



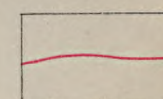
Gravels  
(Partly underlain by coal)



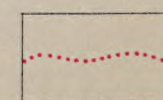
Coal-bearing rocks



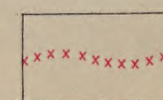
Non coal-bearing rocks  
(Igneous rocks and schists)



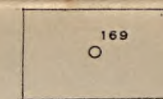
Coal bed  
(Outcrop observed)



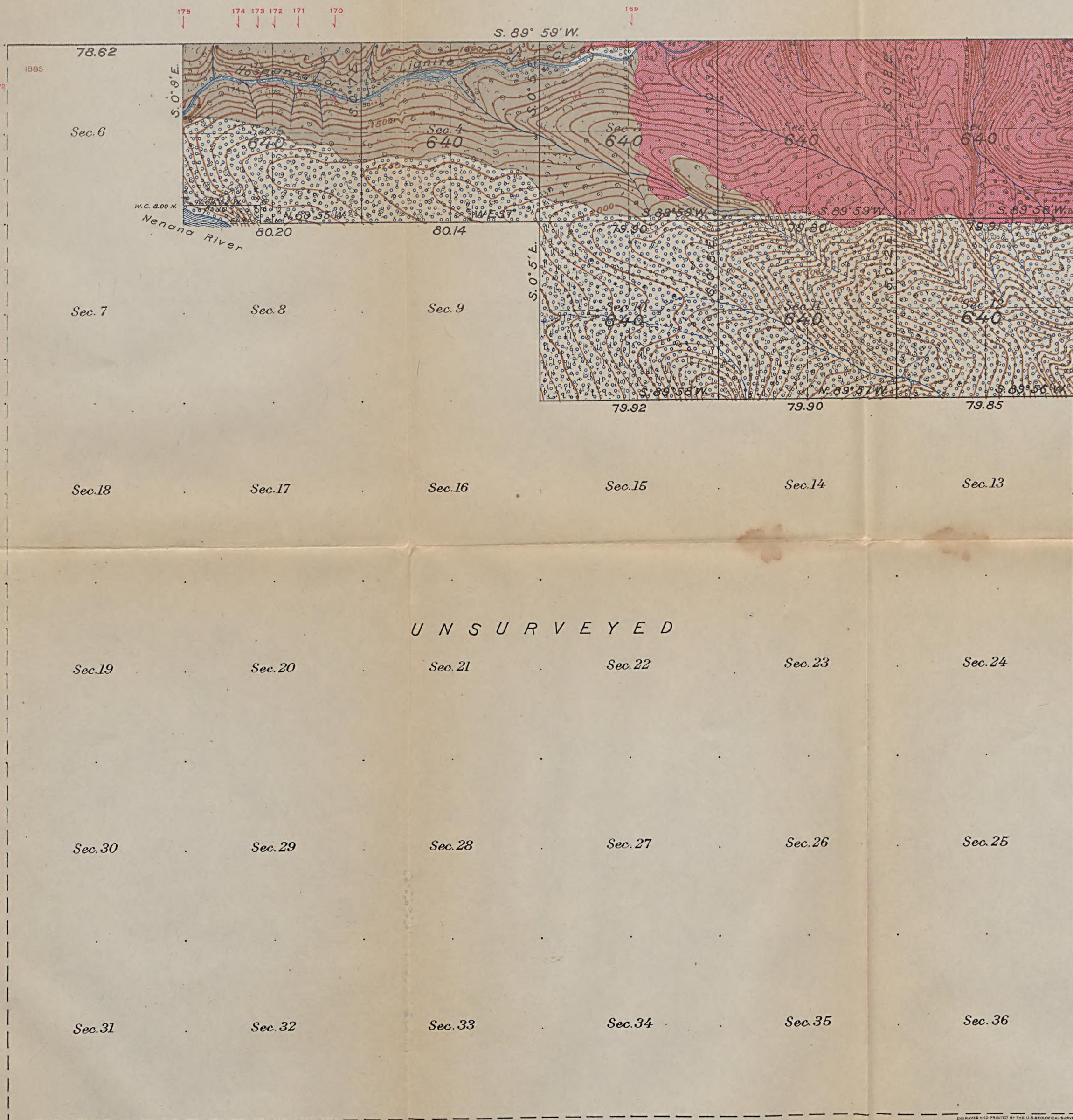
Coal bed  
(Smut or position inferred)



Burned coal bed  
(Depth of burning not known)



Coal exposures  
(Measured coal sections,  
numbered as in text)



Topography by General Land Office. Surveyed in 1915  
Geology by G. C. Martin, A. G. Maddren, and R. M. Overbeck.  
Surveyed in 1916

Scale  $\frac{1}{31680}$   
0 1 2 Miles  
Contour interval 50 feet  
Datum mean lower low water in Knik Arm  
Elevations from levels on preliminary line of railroad by Alaskan Engineering Commission  
extended by vertical-angle control

# TOWNSHIP PLAT AND COAL MAP OF T. 12 S., R. 7 W., FAIRBANKS BASE AND MERIDIAN NENANA COAL FIELD, ALASKA







## COAL.

*Sec. 2.*—No outcrops of coal beds were seen in sec. 2, but there are burned beds in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 3.*—Exposure No. 169. South bank of Hoseanna Creek at mouth of tributary in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 3. Coal (poorly exposed) about 5 feet thick.

Coal smut was seen in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and at several localities in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 4.*—Coal smut, probably derived from a fairly large bed, was seen at the base of the hill on the south side of Hoseanna Creek in the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 4. Smut was seen also at two localities in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Sec. 5.*—The following exposures were recorded in sec. 5:

Exposure No. 170. South bank of Hoseanna Creek in the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal more than 6 feet thick; strike N. 35° W., dip 10° S.

Exposure No. 171. South bank of Hoseanna Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal (large bed), not measured.

Exposure No. 172. South bank of Hoseanna Creek near west line of NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Coal 15 feet thick.

Exposure No. 173. *Section on north bank of Hoseanna Creek about 1 mile above the mouth, in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W.*

	Feet.
Coal.....	8±
Coal (included in sample 26367, pp. 8, 9).....	7
Strike N. 105° E., dip 12° S.	

Exposure No. 174. South bank of Hoseanna Creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , about 600 feet downstream from No. 173 and an undetermined distance stratigraphically above it. Coal about 10 feet thick.

Exposure No. 175. North bank of Hoseanna Creek near west line of the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , coal 3 feet thick.

## MINING CONDITIONS.

Coal is exposed along the lower course of Hoseanna Creek in beds that dip gently southward. These beds should be minable from openings situated on the creek. The amount of minable coal south of the creek is problematic, for the beds dip southward and within a short distance pass beneath gravels. A fault that extends westward near the southern line of secs. 1, 2, and 3 may cut out the coal in portions of secs. 4 and 5. The extensive slumping on the hillsides in secs. 3 and 4 makes it difficult to determine the attitude of the coal-bearing rocks.

## TRANSPORTATION.

The coal of T. 12 S., R. 7 W., is comparatively easy of access. The main line of the Government railroad will extend, according to present surveys, along the west bank of Nenana River in sec. 6. The coal beds exposed on Hoseanna Creek in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 5 are within a mile of the surveyed line of the main railroad and are directly on the line of the proposed Hoseanna Creek branch.

## STATUS OF COAL LAND.

The coal lands of T. 12 S., R. 7 W., have been divided into four leasing units (Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 6), as indicated on the accompanying map and as described on pages 50, 51. Two of these (Nos. 3 and 6) lie



wholly within this township and are described below. Nos. 2 and 4 lie chiefly in T. 11 S., R. 7 W.

No. 3. Sec. 4, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 5, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Area, 720 acres.

No. 6. Sec. 2, SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Sec. 3, S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Sec. 4, E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Area, 760 acres.

#### UNSURVEYED LANDS NEAR MAIN LINE OF RAILROAD.

Coal occurs in the unsurveyed lands along Nenana River on the main line of the railroad.

On the north bank of Hoseanna Creek a little less than half a mile above its mouth are two coal beds each about 3 feet thick. The eastern (lower) of these beds is near the west line of sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., and is described above (exposure No. 175). The western (upper) bed (exposure No. 176) is in the unsurveyed lands that should be sec. 6, T. 12 S., R. 7 W.

On the east bank of Nenana River about a quarter of a mile below Hoseanna Creek the following exposure was seen in a bluff cut on the side of a gravel-covered bench 30 feet above the river.

Exposure No. 177. *Section on east bank of Nenana River one-fourth mile below Hoseanna Creek.*

	Feet.
Gravel (horizontal).....	10
Sand and gravel.....	2
Coal.....	2½
Carbonaceous shale.....	1

Strike N. 30° E., dip 10° NW.

Two higher coal beds are exposed in the river bank farther downstream. Exposure No. 178 is 500 feet below No. 177 and shows a coal bed 2 feet thick. Exposure No. 179 is 800 feet below No. 177 and shows a coal bed 5 feet thick. The three coal beds last described are all situated in the unsurveyed lands that should be sec. 6, T. 12 S., R. 7 W.

Exposure No. 180 is on the east bank of Nenana River about 2 or 2½ miles below Hoseanna Creek, in a bluff about 300 feet high, containing eight or more coal beds. The three lowest beds were measured and found to be 4½, 15, and 10 feet thick. The rocks of this exposure form an anticline having northward dips of 10° to 20° on the north flank and southward dips of 30° to 65° on the south flank. These steep dips continue only a few hundred feet, beyond which the beds become nearly horizontal. This exposure is situated on unsurveyed lands that should be sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 8 W.

One of the beds of the above-described exposure was observed at water level on the west bank of Nenana River. (See description of exposure No. 185.)

The amount of accessible coal west of Nenana River is problematic. The known exposures are all in the river bank on the edge of a gravel-covered terrace. The higher lands that lie farther back from the river have not been examined closely but seem to be largely covered with gravels.

The exposed coal beds seen on the west side of Nenana River are described in detail below.

Exposure No. 181. North end of bluff on west bank of Nenana River opposite mouth of Healy Creek. Coal 2 feet 6 inches thick; strike N. 87° E., dip 48° N. This exposure continues southward into cliffs about 80 feet high, which are inaccessible from the west bank of the river. These cliffs as viewed from Healy Creek in 1916 contained



eight to ten coal beds, all dipping about 45° N. Several of these beds are of fair size, some of them possibly being 10 feet or more thick, but nothing is known as to what partings and impurities they may contain. The top of the cliff is formed of gravels that lie horizontally upon the coal beds and extend back into flat terraces beneath which the coal-bearing rocks are concealed. There is probably little if any minable coal above river level at this locality.

Exposure No. 182. West bank of Nenana River at rapids 1½ miles below Hoseanna Creek. Coal more than 4 feet thick; strike N. 85° E., dip 70° S. This coal bed crosses the river in a reef that causes the rapids, in which the river makes an abrupt drop of several feet. The abruptness of this fall indicates that the coal bed may be considerably thicker than the part actually exposed. The coal bed passes under a gravel terrace about 8 feet high.

Exposure No. 183. West bank of Nenana River about 1½ miles below Hoseanna Creek. Clean, blocky lignite over 6 feet thick; strike N. 75° W., dip 8° N. The base of this exposure is at water level. The top is cut off by the gravels that form a bench 12 or 15 feet high. It is possibly the same bed as that at exposure No. 184.

Exposure No. 184. West bank of Nenana River at rapids about 2 miles below Hoseanna Creek. Coal more than 5 feet thick; strike N. 2° W., dip 18° W. The base of this exposure is at water level. The coal is overlain and beveled by gravels that form a bench about 15 feet high.

Exposure No. 185. West bank of Nenana River 2½ miles below Hoseanna Creek. Coal over 3 feet thick; strike N. 60° W., dip 25° SW. This exposure is at the edge of the water at the base of a 9-foot gravel bank. It is believed to represent part of a coal bed which, as exposed on the opposite bank of the river, is 10 or 15 feet thick.

Exposure No. 186. Head of little lake about 2½ miles northwest of mouth of Hoseanna Creek, about 120 feet east of station R17486, Hayden's line. Coal over 3 feet thick; strike N. 68° E., dip 20° NW. This coal bed is partly exposed, both roof and floor being concealed, near the base of a gravel bench. About 8 feet of bench gravel overlies the coal. This bench is about 200 feet wide and is succeeded by a higher bench, about 30 feet high, in the face of which no exposures except gravel were noted.

### LEASING BLOCKS.

The leasing blocks described below lie in the valley of Hoseanna Creek. The coal exposures referred to are described above by townships and sections. The numbers of the exposures correspond with those on the map.

#### *Areas of leasing blocks in the Nenana coal field.*

Acres.		Acres.	
Block 1.....	about 1,944.00	Block 14.....	1,280.00
2.....	840.00	15.....	560.00
3.....	720.00	16.....	1,080.00
4.....	1,120.00	17.....	480.00
5.....	1,360.00	18.....	400.00
6.....	760.00	19.....	720.00
7.....	1,240.00	20.....	560.00
8.....	160.00	21.....	680.00
9.....	1,040.00	22.....	680.00
10.....	1,177.55	23.....	388.32
11.....	393.33	24.....	589.08
12.....	1,280.00	25.....	790.05
13.....	600.00		



Blocks 2 and 3, containing 840 and 720 acres, respectively, have been reserved for Government use.

Block 1 contains sec. 30 (except the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) and sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 7 W. (area, 1,054.16 acres), and also an unsurveyed lot described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., thence due west to the right of way of the main line of the Government railroad, thence southward along said right of way to the west line (extended) of sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., thence north along the west line of secs. 31 and 30, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., to the place of beginning, containing 890 acres, more or less. The total area of block 1 is thus about 1,944 acres. This block is mostly covered with gravel, and the only coal beds seen in it were at exposure No. 180, on the bank of Nenana River, on the unsurveyed land west of sec. 30. The quantity, the depth, and even the presence of coal in part of this block may be somewhat uncertain, but it is believed that the coal beds shown in exposure No. 180 pass under the block unless they are cut out by the unconformity at the base of the gravels.

Block 2 contains the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 29 and all of sec. 32, T. 11 S., R. 7 W. and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 840 acres. Exposures Nos. 171, 172, 173, and 174 are in this block, and sample 26367 was obtained here. The exposed coal beds of this block are minable from openings on Hoseanna Creek. There may be other coal beds minable from openings on the hillsides or from shafts. Possibly some of the coal near Hoseanna Creek can be mined by stripping. This block has been reserved for Government use.

Block 3 contains the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 4 and the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 5, T. 12 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 720 acres. Exposures Nos. 170 and 175 are in this block. The coal beds exposed on Hoseanna Creek dip gently southward and should be minable in slopes from openings situated near the creek. The amount of minable coal south of the creek is problematic, as the beds dip southward and within a short distance pass beneath gravels. A fault that extends west near the south line of secs. 1, 2, and 3, T. 12 S., R. 7 W., may cut out the coal in portions of this block. There is possibly some coal in this block that can be mined by stripping. This block has been reserved for Government use.

Block 4 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28 and all of sec. 33, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 1,120 acres. Exposures Nos. 154, 155, and 156 are in this block. The small coal beds that are known to crop out in this block may be mined from hillside openings in the valley of the small creek in the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 33. It is probable that the block contains larger beds that can be reached by a shaft on Hoseanna Creek.



Block 5 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 22, all of sec. 27, except the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and all of sec. 34, T. 11 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 1,360 acres. Exposures Nos. 150, 151, 152, 153, 157, 158, and 159 are in this block. The coal beds exposed in this block dip about  $10^{\circ}$  or  $15^{\circ}$  N. and are minable in drifts or slopes from openings on the tributary of Hoseanna Creek that flows through the eastern part of the block. A special mine spur must be built up this creek in order to reach the mine sites.

Block 6 contains the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 2, the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 3, and the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 760 acres. No coal exposures were seen in this block. Smut was seen at several localities, and a coal bed (exposure No. 169) was seen just outside the block, in the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 3. The extensive slumping on the hillsides in secs. 3 and 4 makes it difficult to determine the position and attitude of the coal beds.

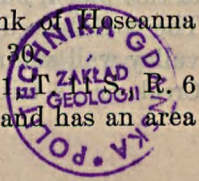
Block 7 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 23, all of sec. 26, and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 1,240 acres. Exposures Nos. 133 to 149 and 161 to 165, inclusive, are in this block, and sample 26369 was obtained here. The coal beds exposed in this block are minable in drifts or slopes from openings on the small creeks in secs. 26 and 35. These beds have an average dip of  $10^{\circ}$  or  $15^{\circ}$  N. Mine spurs, half a mile to 1 mile long, must be built up these tributaries to reach the mine sites.

Block 8 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., and has an area of 150 acres. Exposures Nos. 166 and 167 are in this block. Both these exposures are on a 20-foot bed that is believed to be the lowest coal bed of this district. This bed crops out on the north bank of Hoseanna Creek and lies nearly flat. It has a comparatively thin overburden and is believed to contain several hundred thousand tons of coal that can be mined by stripping.

Block 9 contains the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, all of sec. 25, and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 7 W. The total area is 1,040 acres. Exposures Nos. 122 to 132, inclusive, and 168 are in this block. The coal beds exposed in this block dip northward at angles that probably average between  $10^{\circ}$  and  $15^{\circ}$ . They are minable in drifts or slopes from openings on the tributaries of Hoseanna Creek. Short spurs must be extended up these creeks to reach the mine sites.

Block 10 contains all of sec. 19 except the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and all of sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 1,177.55 acres. Exposures Nos. 108 to 112, inclusive, are in this block, and sample 26362 was obtained here. The coal beds exposed in this block are minable in drifts or slopes from openings on the north bank of Hoseanna Creek or on the two small tributaries in the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 30.

Block 11 contains the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 7 W., and has an area





of 393.33 acres. Exposure No. 113 is in this block. One or more of the thick coal beds (beds A, B?, and C?) in the lower part of the coal measures crop out in this block. The coal beds dip north at approximately the general slope of the south side of the valley of Hoseanna Creek. The block probably contains areas of coal that can be mined by stripping, but in attempting to do this care must be taken not to remove the present support of the surface or there will be dangerous slides on the dip slopes that form the valley wall. If the coal is taken out from above, this danger can probably be obviated. Extensive sliding has already occurred on the dip slopes, and for this reason the coal beds were not mapped and measured.

Block 12 contains all of secs. 20 and 29, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 1,280 acres. Exposures Nos. 53 and 99 to 107, inclusive, are in this block. The coal-bearing rocks of this block lie in a gently folded syncline in which the lower coal beds reach the surface in the northern part of sec. 20 and the southern part of sec. 29. The coal beds exposed in sec. 29 can be mined in drifts or slopes from openings on the north bank of Hoseanna Creek and on its tributaries. The lower coals of sec. 20 and part of the coal of sec. 30 could probably be mined from a shaft on the creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30.

Block 13 contains all (except the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) of sec. 32, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 600 acres. No exposures were measured in this block, sliding on the dip slopes having so disturbed the outcrops that measurements would not be reliable. Several of the thick coal beds in the lower part of the coal measures are known to cover considerable areas in this block. These beds may be minable in drifts or by stripping, but in working by either method the danger of extensive slides on the dip slopes must be carefully considered.

Block 14 contains all of secs. 21 and 28, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 1,280 acres. Exposures Nos. 93 to 98, inclusive, are in this block. The recorded dips in sec. 28 are 7°-15° N. In sec. 21 no exposures or dips were recorded, but the beds should dip south in the northern part of block 12. The coal beds should be minable in drifts or slopes from openings on Hoseanna Creek and on the tributary in the western part of the block. The deeper coals should be mined from a shaft on the axis of the syncline near the northwest corner of sec. 28 or, preferably, from the same shaft as the deeper coals in block 12.

Block 15 contains all (except the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) of sec. 33, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 560 acres. No exposures were measured in this block, but many coal smuts and burned outcrops were noted. The coal beds dip north at approximately the general slope of the valley wall and may be minable in drifts from openings on Hoseanna Creek or its tributaries. There may be some small areas that can



be stripped. In using any method of mining the danger of causing extensive slides on the dip slopes must be carefully considered.

Block 16 contains all of sec. 22 and all (except the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) of sec. 27, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 1,080 acres. Exposures Nos. 54 to 57, 81 to 86, and 88 to 92, inclusive, are in this block, and sample 26366 was obtained here. The coal beds that crop out in the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 22 and in sec. 27 dip  $5^{\circ}$ – $20^{\circ}$  N. and are minable in drifts and slopes from openings on the tributary of Hoseanna Creek. A mine spur  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles long will be required to reach these mine sites from the proposed railroad on Hoseanna Creek. The coal beds that crop out on Marguerite Creek, in the northern part of sec. 22, dip about  $30^{\circ}$  S. It is probable that the coal in the northern part of the block can be reached through the workings in the southern part.

Block 17 contains the SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 33, and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34, T. 11 S., R. 6 W. The total area is 480 acres. Exposures Nos. 87 and 115 are in this block. The coal beds of this block can probably be mined in drifts from hillside openings on Hoseanna Creek and on the tributary draining sec. 27.

Block 18 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 34, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 400 acres. Exposure No. 114 is in this block. The coal beds of this block dip north and can be in part mined from hillside drifts. The lower coal can best be reached by a shaft on Hoseanna Creek.

Block 19 contains all of sec. 23 and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 720 acres. Exposure No. 58 is in this block. Most of the coal beds shown in exposure No. 81, block 16, crop out in the southwestern part of block 19. The coal of this block can probably be most easily mined from openings on the creek in the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 27, in block 16.

Block 20 contains all (except the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) of sec. 26, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 560 acres. Exposures Nos. 78, 79, and 80 are in this block, and samples 26363 and 26364 were obtained here. The coal beds exposed in this block dip about  $26^{\circ}$  N. They are minable in slopes from hillside openings on the north side of Hoseanna Creek.

Block 21 contains the NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 34, and all of sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and has an area of 680 acres. Exposures Nos. 116 to 121, inclusive, are in this block. These coal beds dip north at observed angles of  $12^{\circ}$  to  $22^{\circ}$ . They are minable in drifts and slopes from openings on Sanderson Creek. The lower coal beds are below the surface on Sanderson Creek and must be reached by a shaft, which should preferably be situated on Hoseanna Creek in block 17 or 20.



Block 22 contains the W.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 6 W. The total area is 680 acres. Exposures Nos. 59 to 69, inclusive, and 76 are in this block. These coal beds lie nearly flat, the observed dips ranging from  $5^{\circ}$  N. to  $5^{\circ}$  S. They can be mined from drift openings on the bank of Hoseanna Creek and on the hillsides above.

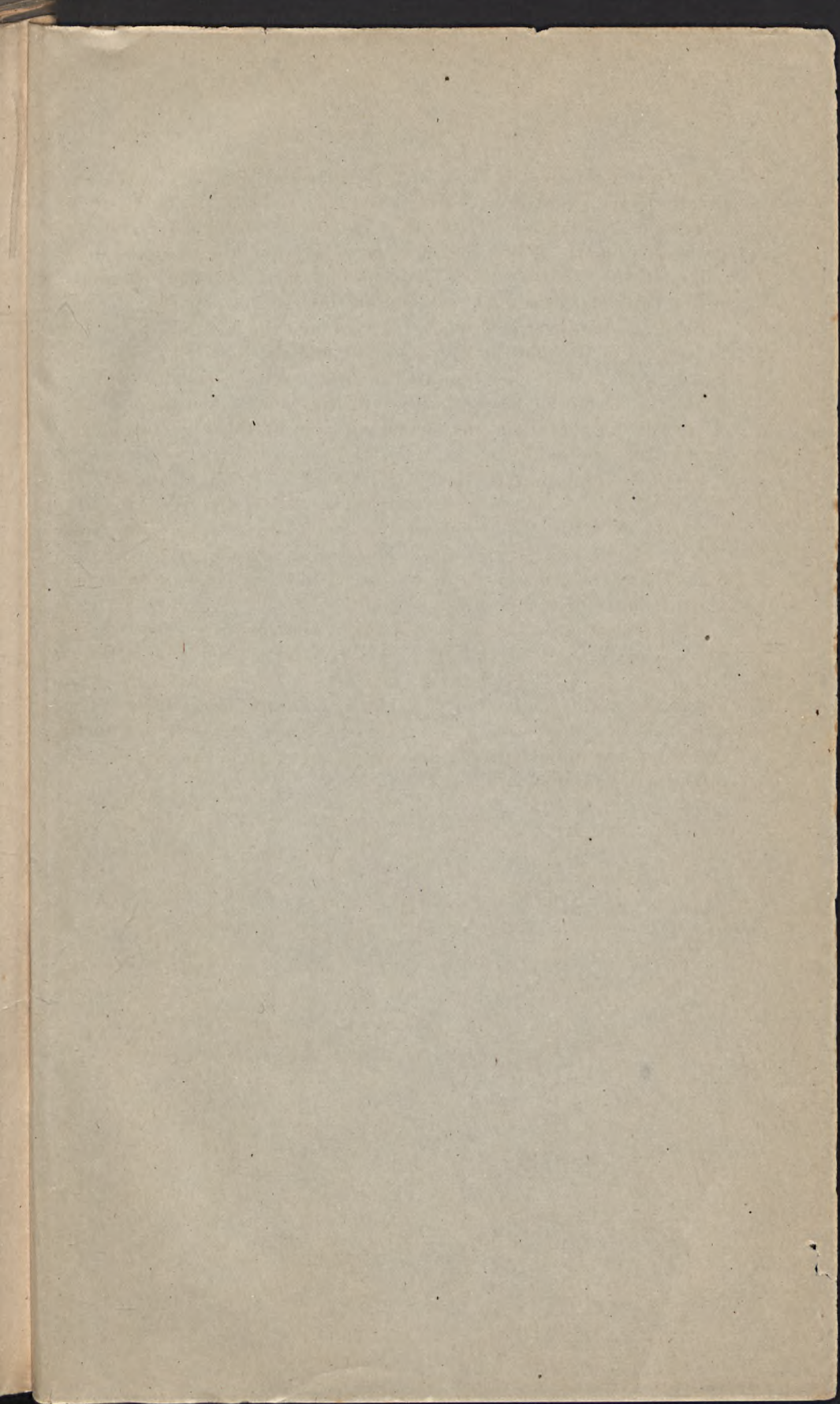
Block 23 contains the E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 24, and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and the SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 19, and the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W. The total area is 388.32 acres. Exposures Nos. 7, 16, 17, 63, 69, 70, 71, and 76 are in this block. These coal beds are nearly horizontal and may be mined from hillside openings in the banks of Hoseanna Creek.

Block 24 contains the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 25, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and the S.  $\frac{1}{2}$  NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 30, T. 11 S., R. 5 W. The total area is 589.08 acres. Exposures Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, and 77 are in this block, and sample 26365 was obtained here. The coal beds that crop out in this block can be mined in drifts and slopes from hillside openings.

Block 25 contains the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 6 W., and the NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$  NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 5 W. Its area is 790.05 acres. No coal exposures were recorded in this block, outcrops being poor. The coal beds that doubtless crop out in this block probably dip north and should be minable from openings on the creek in the N.  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec. 36 or through workings in block 24.









Block 22 contains the W. 1, W. 1 NE 1, and W. 1 SE 1 sec. 24, and the NW. 1 and NW. 1 SW. 1 sec. 25. T. 11 S. R. 6 W. The total area is 680 acres. Exposures Nos. 59 to 63, inclusive, and 70 are in this block. These coal beds are nearly flat, the observed dip ranging from  $5^{\circ}$  N. to  $5^{\circ}$  S. They can be mined from drift openings on the bank of Hucama Creek and on the hillside above.

Block 23 contains the E. 1 SE 1 sec. 24, and the N. 1 NE 1 sec. 25. T. 11 S. R. 6 W., and the SW. 1 sec. 19, and the N. 1 NW. 1 sec. 26. T. 11 S. R. 5 W. The total area is 385.00 acres. Exposures Nos. 2, 16, 17, 65, 66, 70, 71, and 76 are in this block. These coal beds are nearly horizontal and may be mined from hillside openings on the banks of Hucama Creek.

Block 24 contains the S. 1 NE 1, SE 1, E. 1 SW. 1, and NW. 1 SW. 1 sec. 26. T. 11 S. R. 6 W., and the S. 1 NW. 1 and SW. 1 sec. 27. T. 11 S. R. 5 W. The total area is 530.00 acres. Exposures Nos. 22, 73, 74, 75, and 77 are in this block, and also the 25335 was obtained here. The coal beds that crop out in this block can be mined in drifts and slopes from hillside openings.

Block 25 contains the N. 1, N. 1 SE 1, and S. 1 SW. 1 sec. 27. T. 11 S. R. 6 W., and the NW. 1, N. 1 SW. 1, NW. 1 SE 1, and SW. 1 SE 1 sec. 28. T. 11 S. R. 5 W. Its area is 710.00 acres. No coal exposures were recorded in this block, although being just the coal beds that doubtless crop out in this block probably on north and should be mineable from openings on the creek in the N. 1 sec. 27 or through workings in block 21.



